Solar axions and IAXO (International AXion Observatory)

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Axion DM Meeting at Canfranc – March 27th, 2014



Outline

- Axion as DM is the topic of this meeting, BUT...
- Axions (independently of being DM or not) are produced at the Sun
- Solar axions could be detected by "axion helioscopes"
- CAST \rightarrow most powerful axion helioscope to date
- IAXO → new generation axion helioscope in proposal
- IAXO-DM → could IAXO be used to search for axion DM? (topic for discussion)

AXION motivation

- Strong CP problem: why strong interactions seem not to violate CP?
 - CP violating term in QCD is not forbidden. But neutron electric dipole moment not observed.
- Natural answer if Peccei-Quinn mechanism exist.
 New U(1) global symmetry → spontaneously broken.

$$\mathcal{L}_{CP} = \theta \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} G \tilde{G}$$



- As a result, new pseudoscalar, neutral and very light particle is predicted, the axion.
- It couples to the photon in every model.



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AXION as Dark Matter?



Axions in Astrophysics

- Axions are produced at the core of stars, like the Sun, by Primakoff conversion of the plasma photons.
 - Axions drain energy from stars and may alter their lifetime. Limits are derived to the axion properties

See PDG and references therein

• Axion decay $a \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ may produce gamma lines in the emission from certain places (i.e. galactic center).

Astrophysical hints for axions/ALPs

- Anomalous gamma transparency of the Universe (observation of gamma rays from from distant sources) → very light ALPs
- Anomalous cooling of white dwarfs
 - Favors few meV axions

Axion motivation in a nutshell

- Most compelling solution to the Strong CP problem of the SM
- Axion-like particles (ALPs) predicted by many extensions of the SM (e.g. string theory)
- Axions, like WIMPs, may solve the DM problem for free. (i.e. not ad hoc solution to DM)
- Astrophysical hints for axion/ALPs?
 - Transparency of the Universe to UHE gammas
 - White dwarfs anomalous cooling \rightarrow point to few meV axions
- Relevant axion/ALP parameter space at reach of current and near-future experiments
- Still too little experimental efforts devoted to axions when compared e.g. to WIMPs... (not justified...)

Detecting axions

Relic Axions

- Axions that are part of galactic dark matter halo:
 - Axion Haloscopes

ADMX in US

Solar Axions

- Emitted by the solar core.
 - Crystal detectors
 - Axion Helioscopes

CAST @ CERN → IAXO

Axions in the lab

- "Light shinning through wall" experiments
- Vacuum birrefringence experiments

ALPS-II @ DESY OSQAR @ CERN

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Solar Axions

Solar axions produced by photon-toaxion conversion of the solar plasma photons in the solar core



Solar axion flux [van Bibber PRD 39 (89)] [CAST JCAP 04(2007)010]

axions



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Axion Helioscope principle

Axion helioscope [Sikivie, PRL 51 (83)]

x ray







COHERENCE

axions

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Buffer gas to go to higher masses



Extending the coherence to higher axion masses...

•Coherence condition (qL << 1) is recovered for a narrow mass range around

$$|q| = \frac{m_a^2 - m_\gamma^2}{2E}$$

$$m_{\gamma} \approx \sqrt{\frac{4\pi\alpha N_e}{m_e}} = 28.9\sqrt{\frac{Z}{A}\rho} \quad \text{eV}$$

N_e: number of electrons/cm³ ρ: gas density (g/cm³)



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 m_{ν}

Axion Helioscopes

Previous helioscopes:

- First implementation at Brookhaven (just few hours of data) [Lazarus et at. PRL 69 (92)]
- TOKYO Helioscope (SUMICO): 2.3 m long 4 T magnet





Presently running:

CERN Axion Solar Telescope (CAST)

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CAST experiment @ CERN

LHC test

magnet

- Decommissioned LHC test magnet (L=10m, B=9 T)
- Moving platform ±8°V ±40°H (to allow up to 50 days / year of alignment)

CASI

- 4 magnet bores to look for X rays
 - 3 X rays detector prototypes being used.
- X ray Focusing System to increase signal/noise ratio.

2 low

background

Micromegas

Sec.



X-ray focussing optics

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1 low

background

Micromegas

CAST at work

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Axion parameter space







IAXO magnet Each conversion bore TOROIDAL (between coils) CONFIGURATION 600 mm diameter specifically built for axion physics Cryostat Inclination System Support Frame Telescopes Flexible Lines Cryostat Rotating Disk Cold mass Rotation System Services Magnetic length 20 m Total cryostat length 25 m Bores go through cryostat

IAXO magnet



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- X-rays are focused by means of grazing angle reflection (usually 2)
- Many techniques developed in the x-ray astronomy field. But usually costly due to exquisite imaging requirements





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- Technique of choice for IAXO: optics made of slumped glass substrates coated to enhance reflectivity in the energy regions for axions
- Same technique successfully used in NuSTAR mission, recently launched
- The specialized tooling to shape the substrates and assemble the optics is now available
- Hardware can be easily configured to make optics with a variety of designs and sizes
- Key institutions in NuSTAR optics: LLNL, U. Columbia, DTU Denmark. All in IAXO !









Telescopes	8
N, Layers (or shells) per telescope	123
Segments per telescope	2172
Geometric area of glass per telescope	0.38 m^2
Focal length	5.0 m
Inner radius	50 mm
Outer Radius	300 mm
Minimum graze angle	2.63 mrad
Maximum graze angle	15.0 mrad
Coatings	W/B ₄ C multilayers
Pass band	1 - 10 keV
IAXO Nominal, 50% EEF (HPD)	0.29 mrad
IAXO Enhanced, 50% EEF (HPD)	0.23 mrad
IAXO Nominal, 80% EEF	0.58 mrad
IAXO Enhanced, 90% EEF	0.58 mrad
FOV	2.9 mrad

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IAXO low background detectors



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IAXO low background detectors

Small Micromegas-TPC chambers:

- Shielding
- Radiopure components
- Offline discrimination
- Goal background level for IAXO:
 - 10⁻⁷ 10⁻⁸ c keV⁻¹ cm⁻² s⁻¹
- Already demonstrated:
 - ~8×10⁻⁷ c keV⁻¹ cm⁻² s⁻¹ (in CAST 2013 result)
 - 10⁻⁷ c keV⁻¹ cm⁻² s⁻¹ (underground at LSC)
- Active program of development. Clear roadmap for improvement.

See arXiv:1310.3391

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IAXO low background detectors Optics+detector pathfinder system in CAST

- IAXO optics+detector joint system
 - Newly designed MM detector (following IAXO CDR)
 - New x-ray optics fabricated following technique proposed for IAXO (but much smaller, adapted to CAST bore)

• It will take data in CAST in 2014

- First time low background + focusing in the same system
- Very important operative experience for IAXO



Detector installed at CAST this year. New optics coming beginning of 2014

IAXO sensitivity prospects



Additional IAXO physics cases

- IAXO sensitivty to BCA solar axion with values of g_{ae} of relevance
- More specific ALP or WISP (weakly interacting slim particle) models. could be searched for at the **low energy frontier** of particle physics:
 - Paraphotons / hidden photons
 - Chamaleons
 - Non-standard scenarios of axion production
- Microwave LSW setup
- Use of microwave cavities or dish antennas, dark matter halo axions could be searched for → next slide
- IAXO as "generic axion/ALP facility"



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Detecting DM axions: "haloscopes"



Detecting DM axions with IAXO?

- Haloscopes good for meV range (ADMX)
- Beyond haloscopes. New ideas recently being proposed...
 (big magnets needed anyway...)



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IAXO-DM configurations?

- Prospects under study. Very motivated (encouraged by CERN SPSC)
- Needed new know-how (cavities, low noise microwave detectors...)
- Various possible arrangements in IAXO. Profit the huge magnetic volume available:
 - 1. Single large cavity tuned to low masses
 - 2. Thin long cavities tuned to mid-high masses. Possibility for directionality. Add several coherently?
 - 3. Dish antenna focusing photons to the center. Not tuned. Broadband search. Competitive at higher masses?



Additional IAXO physics cases direct detection or relic axions/ALPs



- Promising as further pathways for IAXO beyond the helioscope baseline
- First indications that IAXO could improve or complement current limits at various axion/ALP mass ranges...
- **Caution**: preliminary studies still going on. Important know-how to be consolidated. Precise implementation in IAXO under study.

Tentative future prospects Beyond current Lol scope

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IAXO status of project

- **2011**: First studies concluded (JCAP 1106:013,2011)
- **2013**: Conceptual Design finished (arXiv:1401.3233).
 - Most activity carried out up to now ancillary to other group's projects (e.g. CAST)
- August 2013: Letter of Intent submitted to the CERN SPSC
 - LoI: [CERN-SPSC-2013-022]
 - Presentation in the open session in October 2013:
- January 2014: Positive recommendations from SPSC.
- **2014:** Transition phase: In order to continue with TDR & preparatory activities, formal endorsement & resources needed.
 - Some IAXO preparatory activity already going on as part of CAST near term program.
 - Preparation of a MoU to carry out TDR work.

Next steps

- Start works towards a Technical Design Report. As part of such:
 - Construction of a demostration coil IAXO-TO
 - Construction of a prototype x-ray optics IAXO-X0
 - Construction of a prototype low background detector setup IAXO-D0
 - Complete pathfinder project detector+optic at CAST
 - Coordination activities. Update physics case. Site.
 Tracking platform. Gas system. Software
 - Feasibility studies for "IAXO-DM" options.
- TDR completion is a ~2-4 MEUR effort.
- Memorandum of Understanding in preparation among interested parties
- Search for new interested partners (in view of construction phase magnet is the issue)

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Conclusions

- CAST has been a very important milestone in axion research during the last decade
 - 1st CAST limits most cited exp. axion paper
 - Largest effort/collaboration in axion physics so far
- **IAXO, a forth generation axion helioscope**, natural and timely large-scale step to come now.
- A clear high level baseline physics case. IAXO can **probe deep into unexplored** axion+ALP parameter space.
 - But also several additional physics cases. Possibility to host relic axion searches in the future. Studying actively this possibility
- No technological challenge. All enabling technologies exist
- Investment effort at the level of Next Generation DM experiments under consideration in the astropaticle community
- Lol to CERN recently proposed. Positive answer from SPSC. MoU to start TDR under preparation.
- IAXO could become next large project & a "generic axion facility" with discovery potential in the next decade.

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