

Solar WISPs

Light DM Beyond WIMPs Workshop: from Theory to detection

Hagoshrim, Israel, 31st May 2015



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Universidad de Zaragoza (Spain)**



Outline

- Sun as a laboratory for fundamental physics
- Light DM particles : axions and HPs
- Solar flux
- Solar constraints
- Helioscopes

Modeling the Sun

Helioseismology

Basic parameters

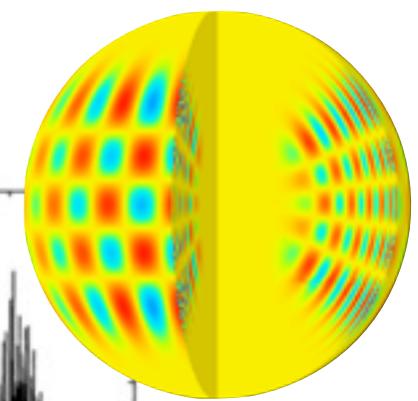
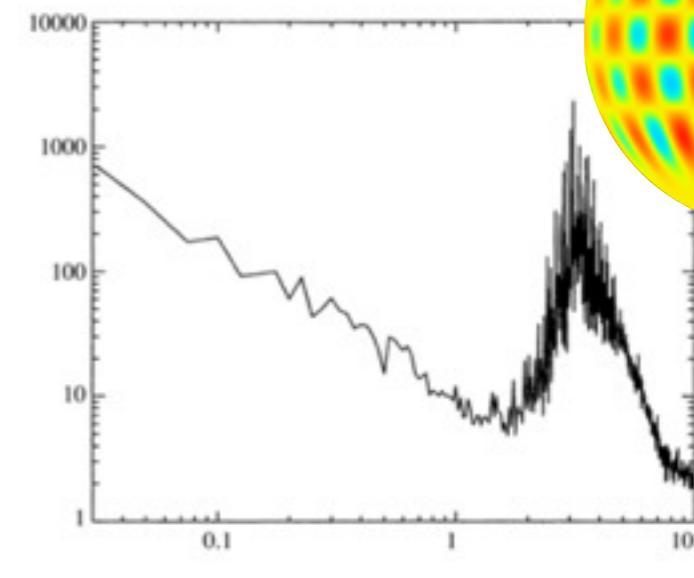
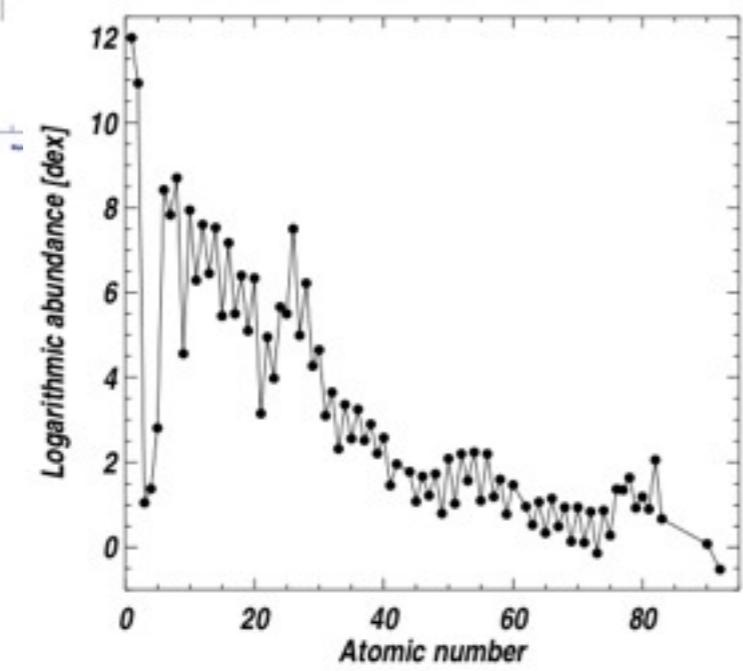
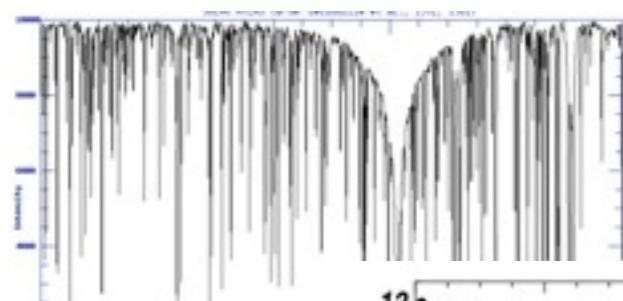
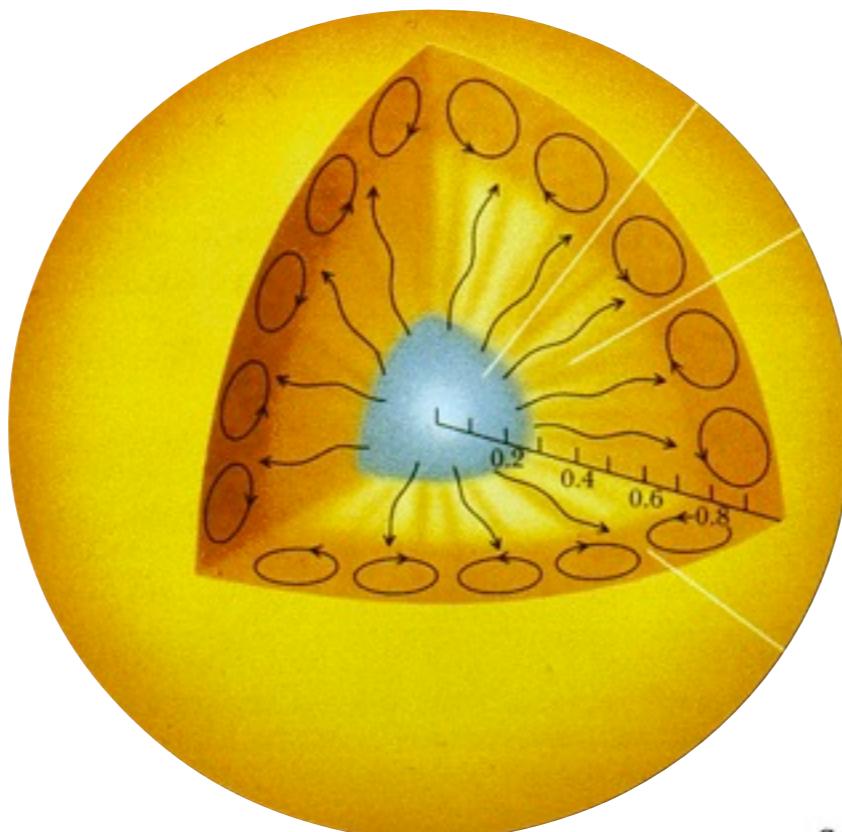
Luminosity

Radius

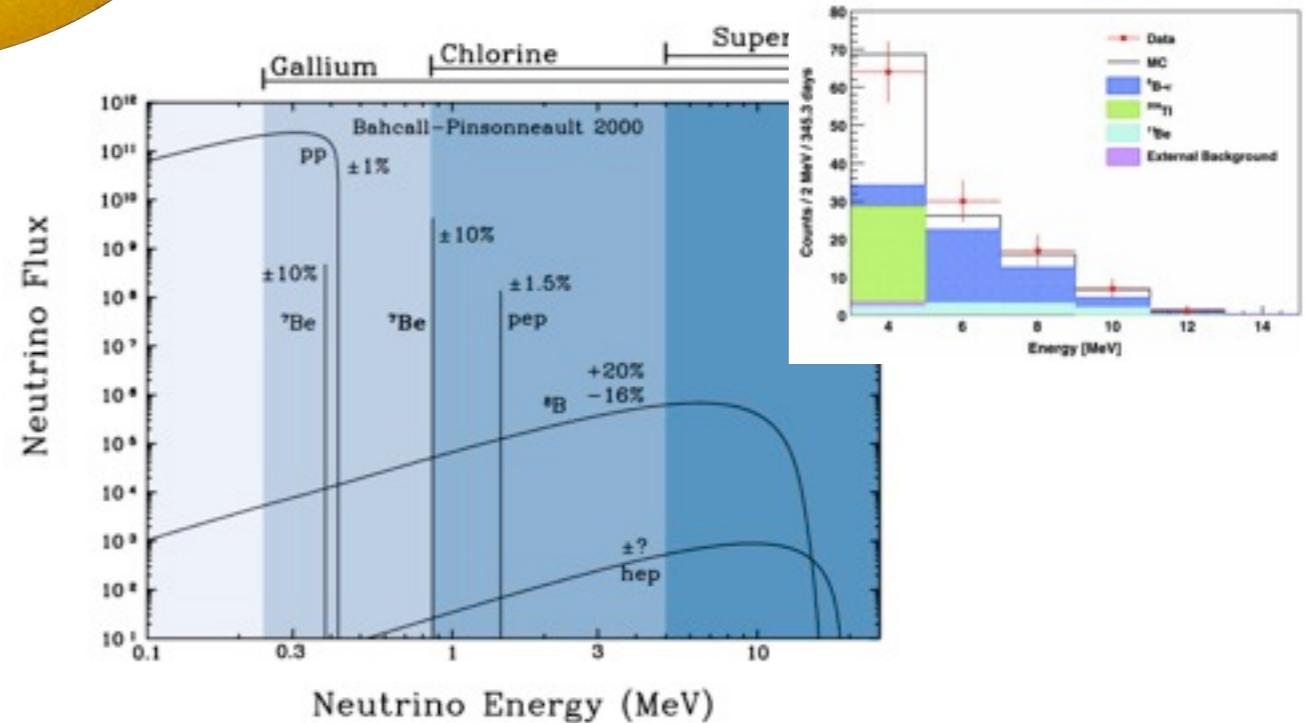
Mass

Metallicity

Composition



Neutrino fluxes

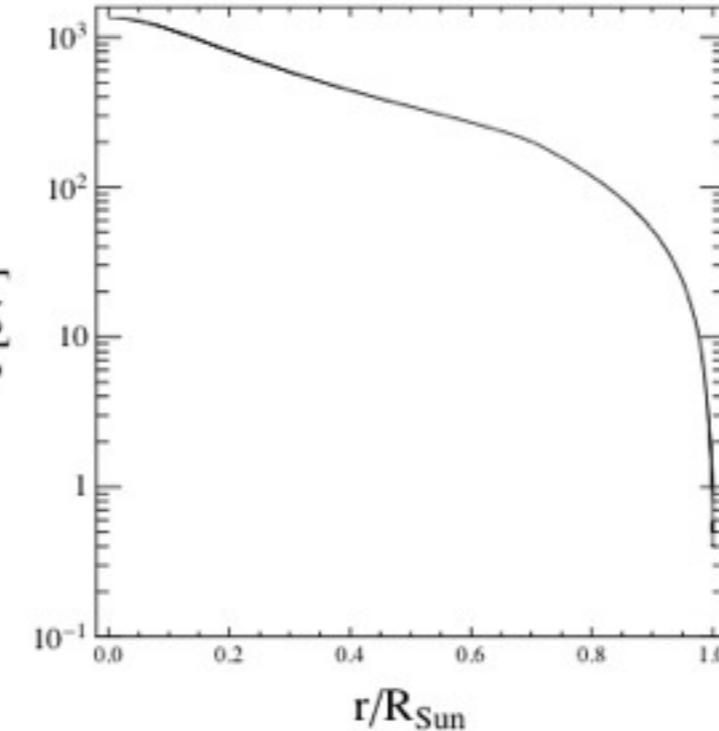
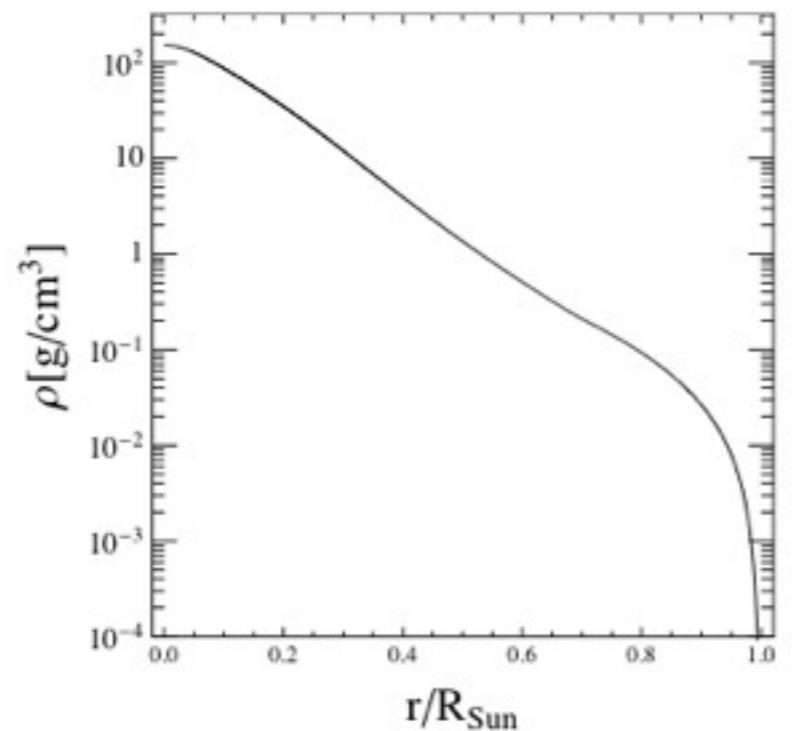


Accurate solar models but...

Models of Solar interior
agree quite nicely ...

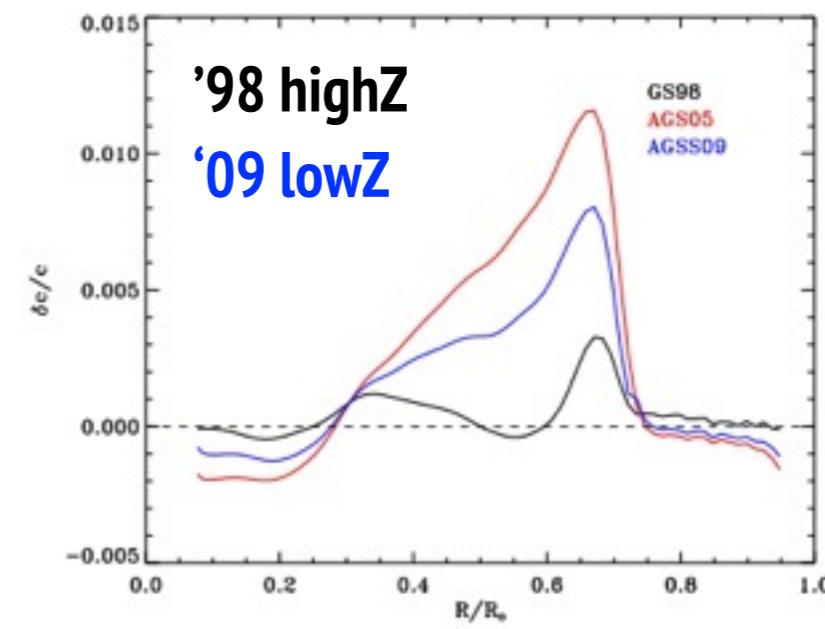
1: numerical evolution of
stellar structure until now

2: Inversion of oscillation
frequencies



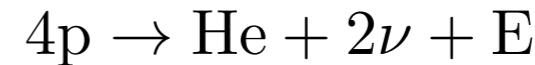
However, a small discrepancy
persists: solar abundance problem

observed -model



Sun as a particle lab

- WISPs are emitted by plasma interactions -> New direct Energy loss
- Eloss provided by faster nuclear reactions



but we still have to observe the same external parameters L, R, He and Z abundances, etc...

Presolar He abundance needs to be smaller

core Temperature needs being larger

reaction rates are $\propto T^{\text{laaaaaarge}}$

favors ppIII chain , i.e more ${}^8B \nu'$'s

search for large neutrino fluxes!

T-profile and soundspeed change

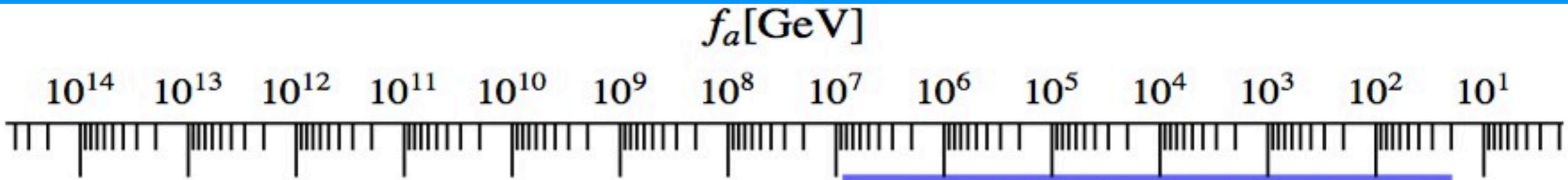
search for deviations of soundspeed profile!

Sun as a particle source

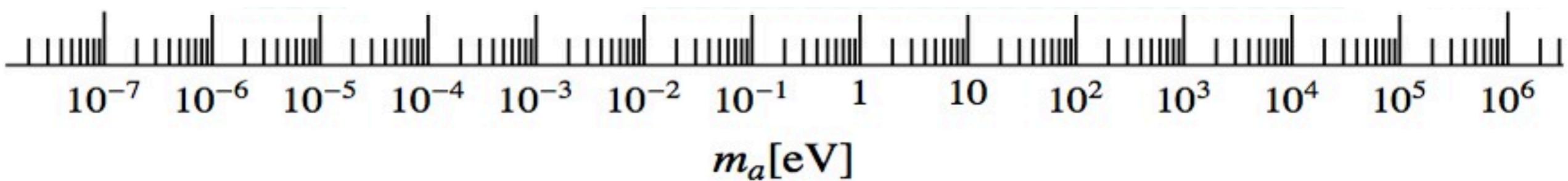
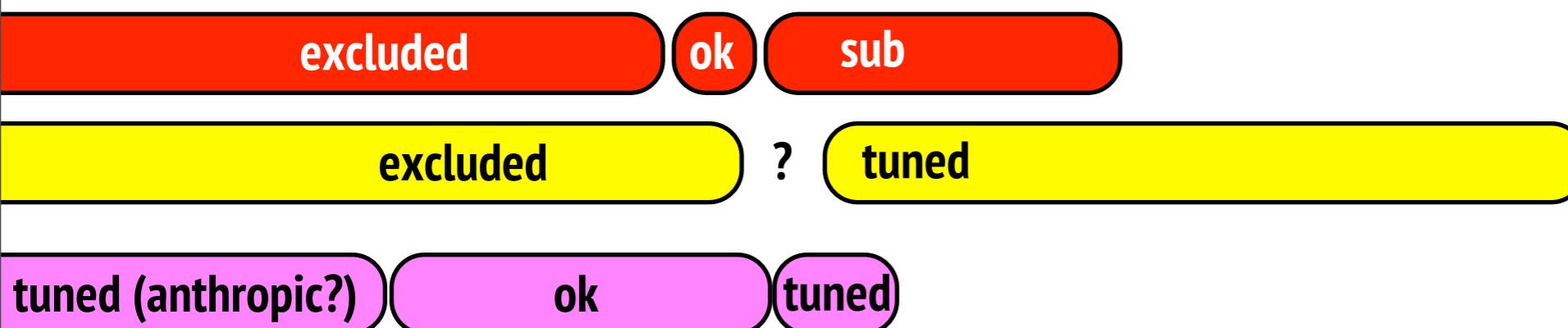
but what particles are we interested in?

light DM candidates ... ?

light DM 1 : Axions



- Axion DM scenarios

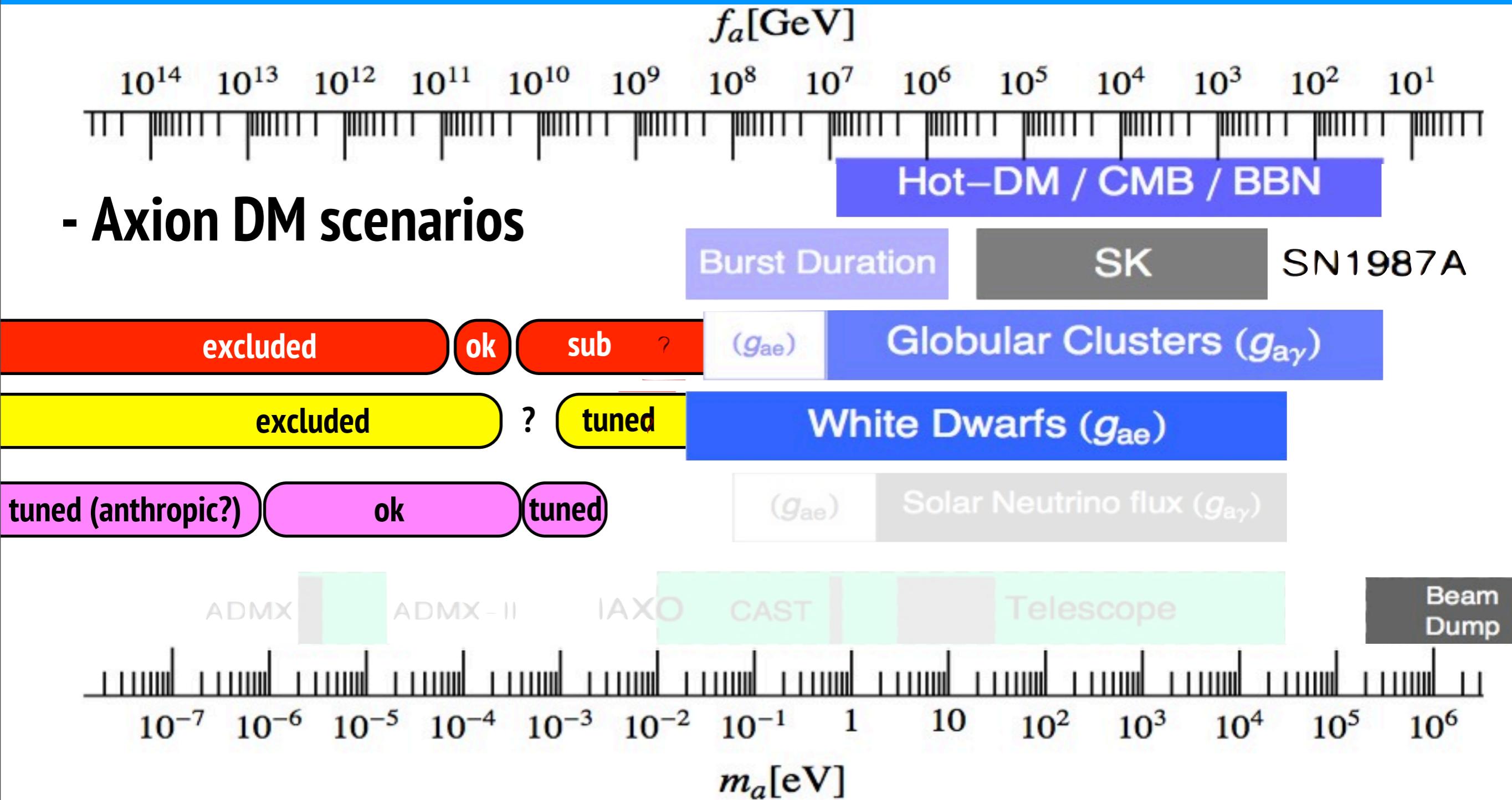


Post-inflation PQ (N=1)
strings+unstable DW's

Post inflation PQ (N>1)
strings+long-lived DWs

Pre inflation PQ
 $\Omega_{a\text{DM}} h^2 \simeq \theta_I^2 \left(\frac{80 \mu\text{eV}}{m_a} \right)^{1.19}$

light DM 1 : Axions



Post-inflation PQ (N=1)
strings+unstable DW's

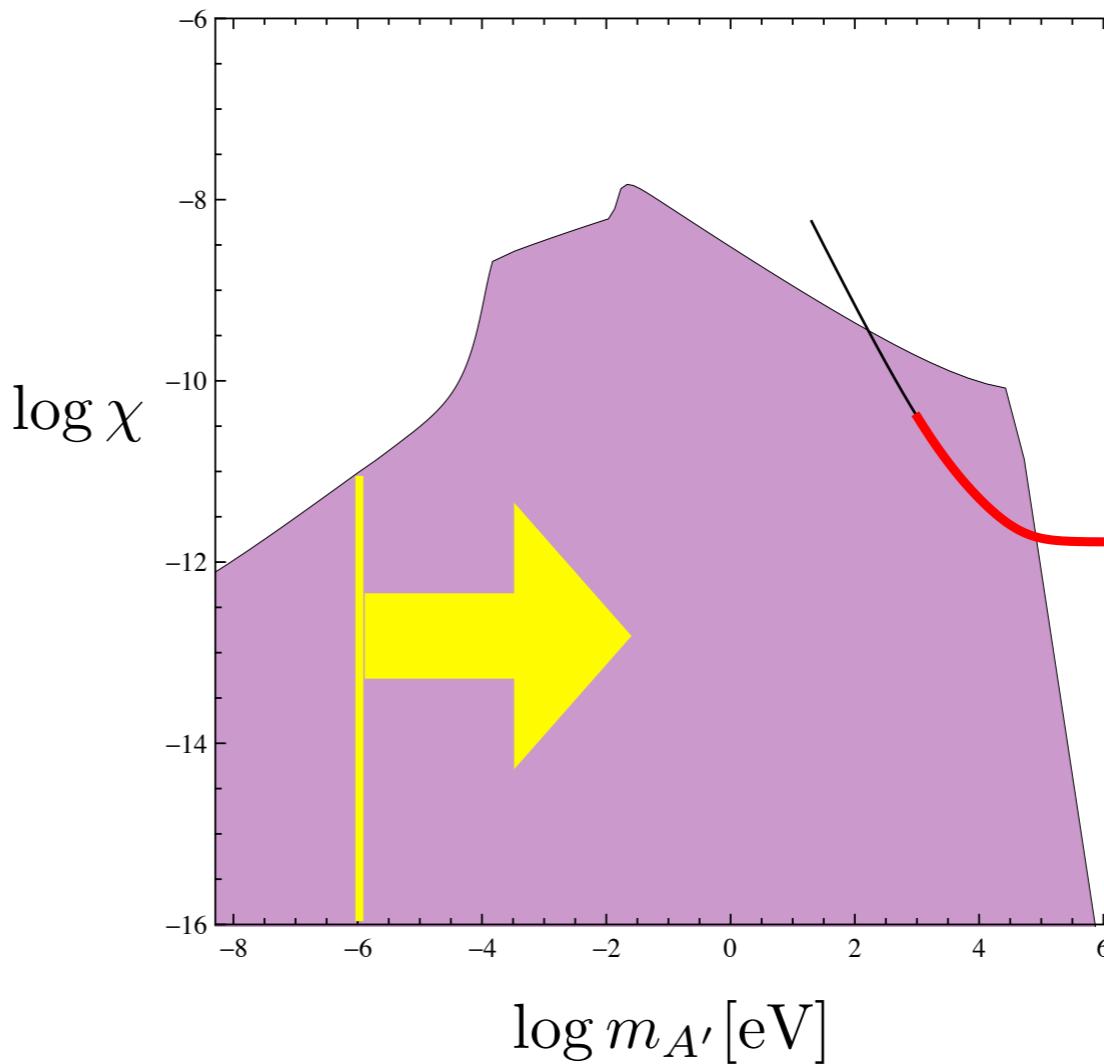
Post inflation PQ (N>1)
strings+long-lived DWs

Pre inflation PQ
 $\Omega_{a\text{DM}} h^2 \simeq \theta_I^2 \left(\frac{80 \mu\text{eV}}{m_a} \right)^{1.19}$

light DM 2 : Hidden Photons

$$\mathcal{L} \ni -\frac{\chi}{2} F_{\mu\nu} F'^{\mu\nu}$$

- HP DM scenarios



thermal (resonant)

Inflation L-modes

Pre-inflation?

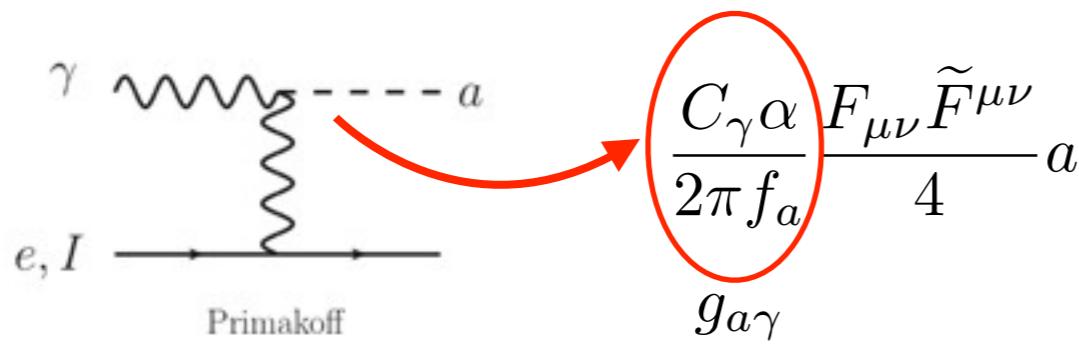
$$\Omega h^2 \propto \chi^2$$

$$\Omega h^2 \propto \sqrt{m} H_I^2$$

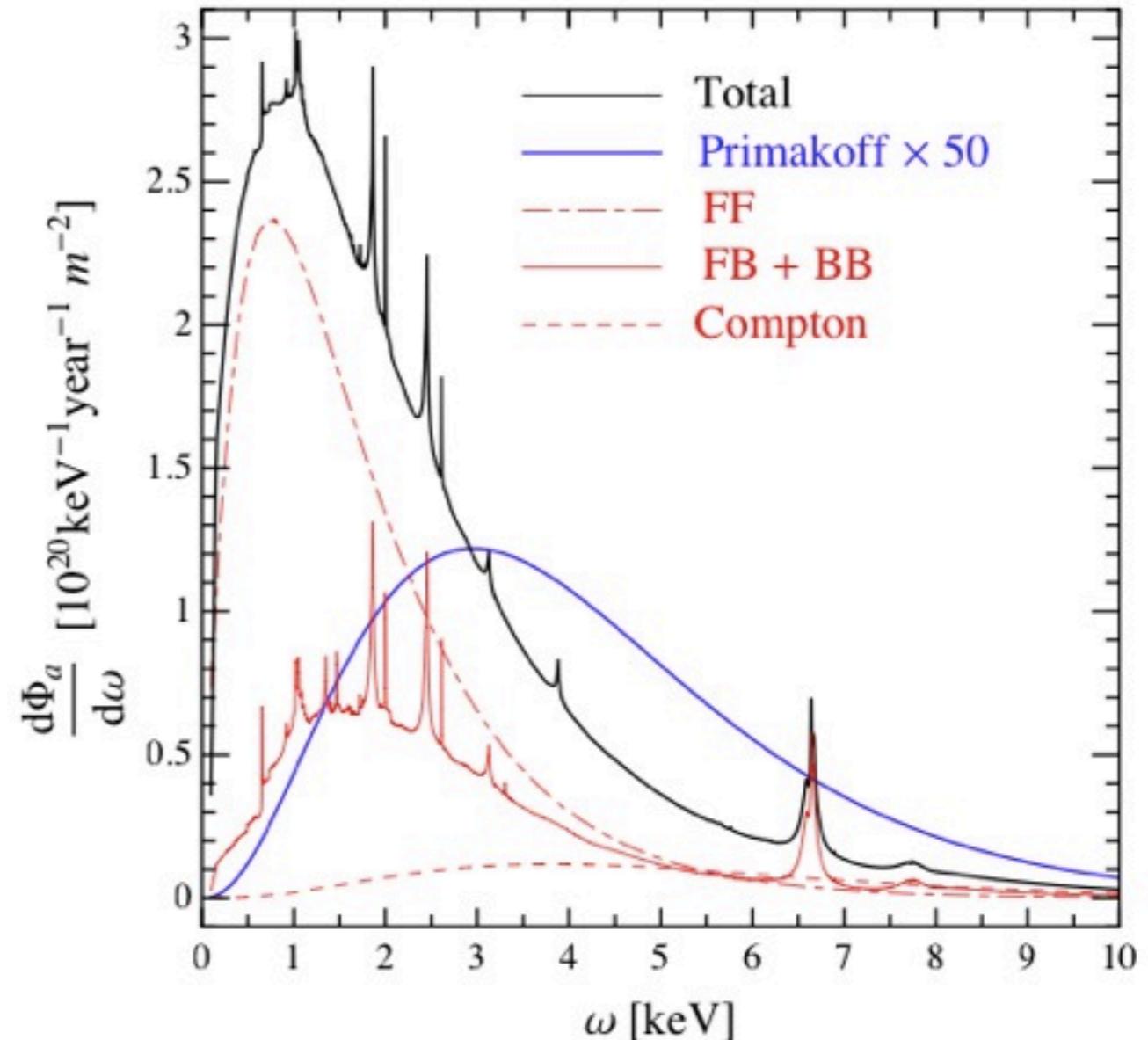
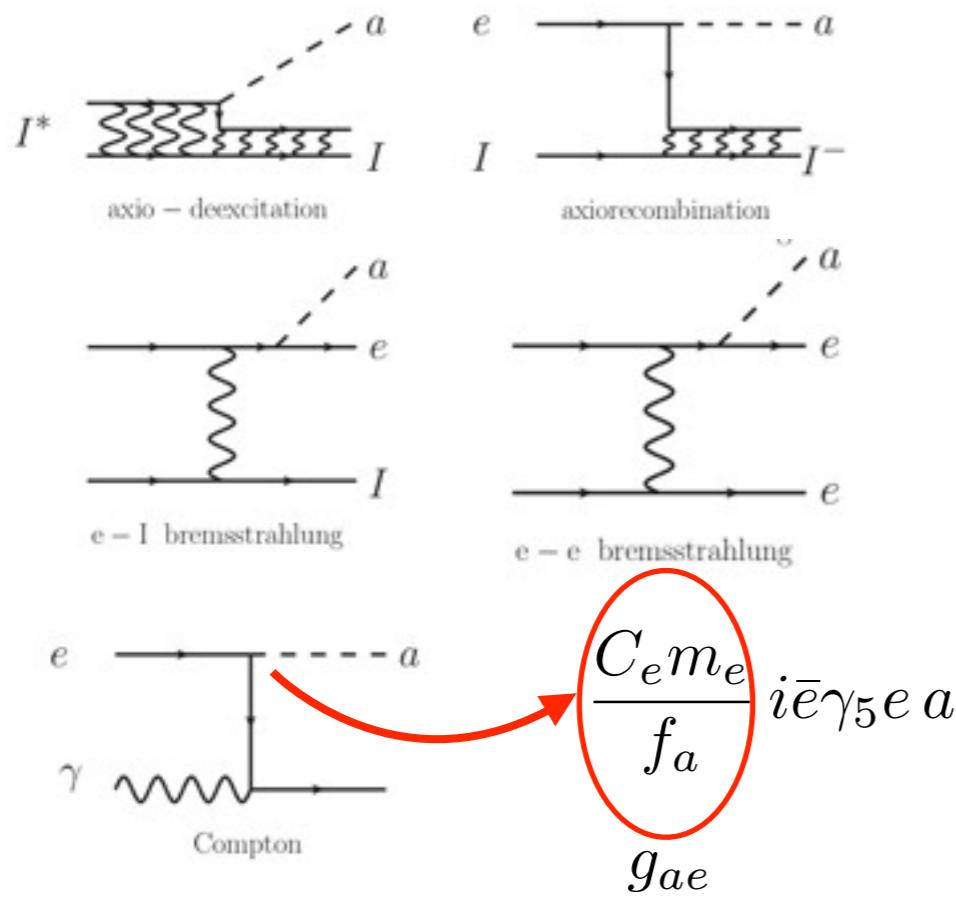
$$\Omega h^2 \propto ?$$

Axions from the Sun

Hadronic axions



Non hadronic (electron coupling)



$$g_{ae} = 10^{-13}$$

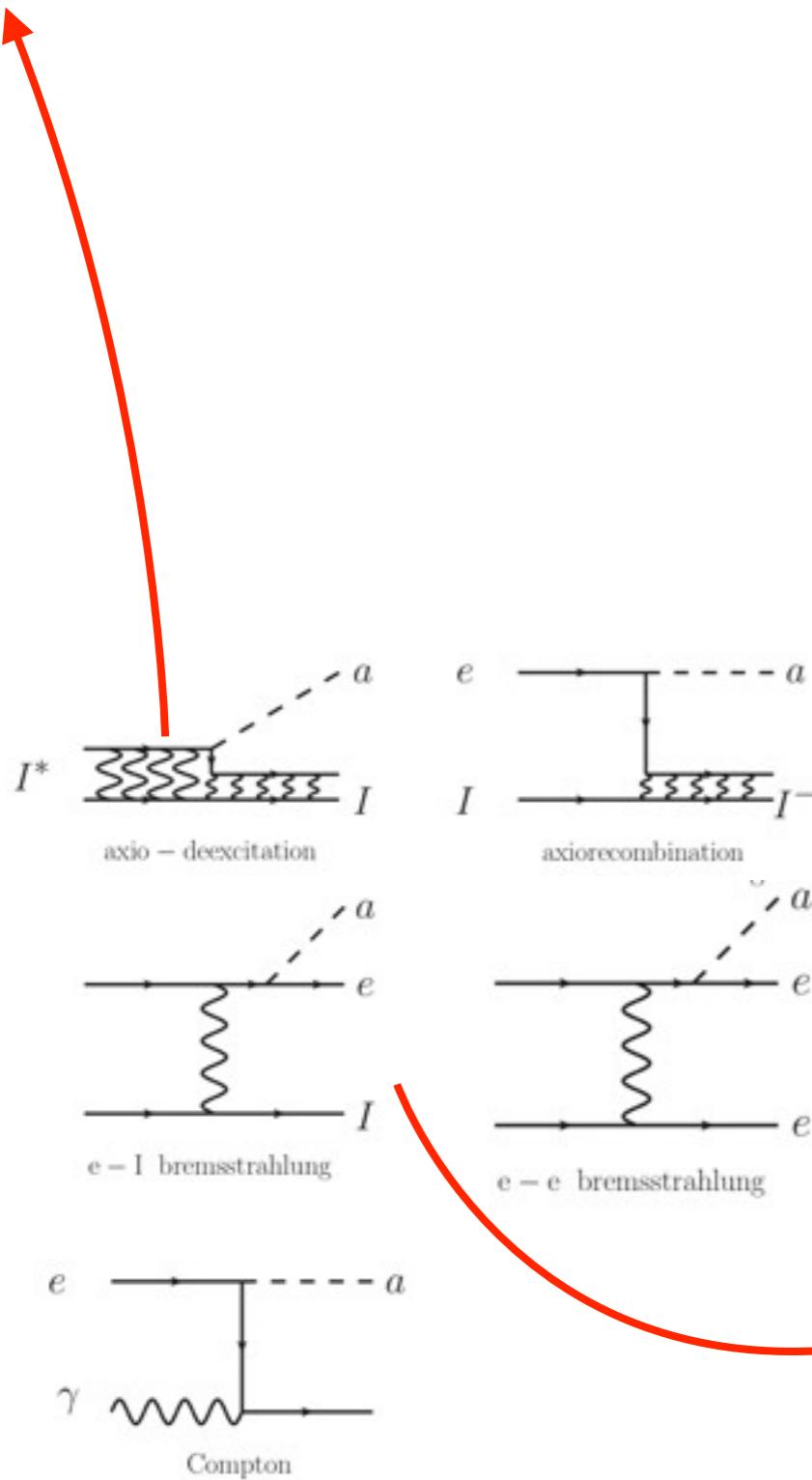
$$g_{a\gamma} = 10^{-12}$$

typical of non-hadronic meV mass axions

the A from ABC axions

Redondo JCAP12(2013)008

Atomic de-excitation and recombination : cumbersome atomic physics (all Z) in a plasma (E-levels, f-factors, etc...)



Solution!

axion emission \longleftrightarrow photon emission

$$\frac{\sum_{s_i, s_f} |\mathcal{M}(e_i \rightarrow e_f + a)|^2}{\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\epsilon} \sum_{s_i, s_f} |\mathcal{M}(e_i \rightarrow e_f + \gamma)|^2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{ae}^2}{e^2} \frac{\omega^2}{m_e^2}$$

(approximations: NR, sep,multipole)

Dimopoulos '86, Pospelov '08

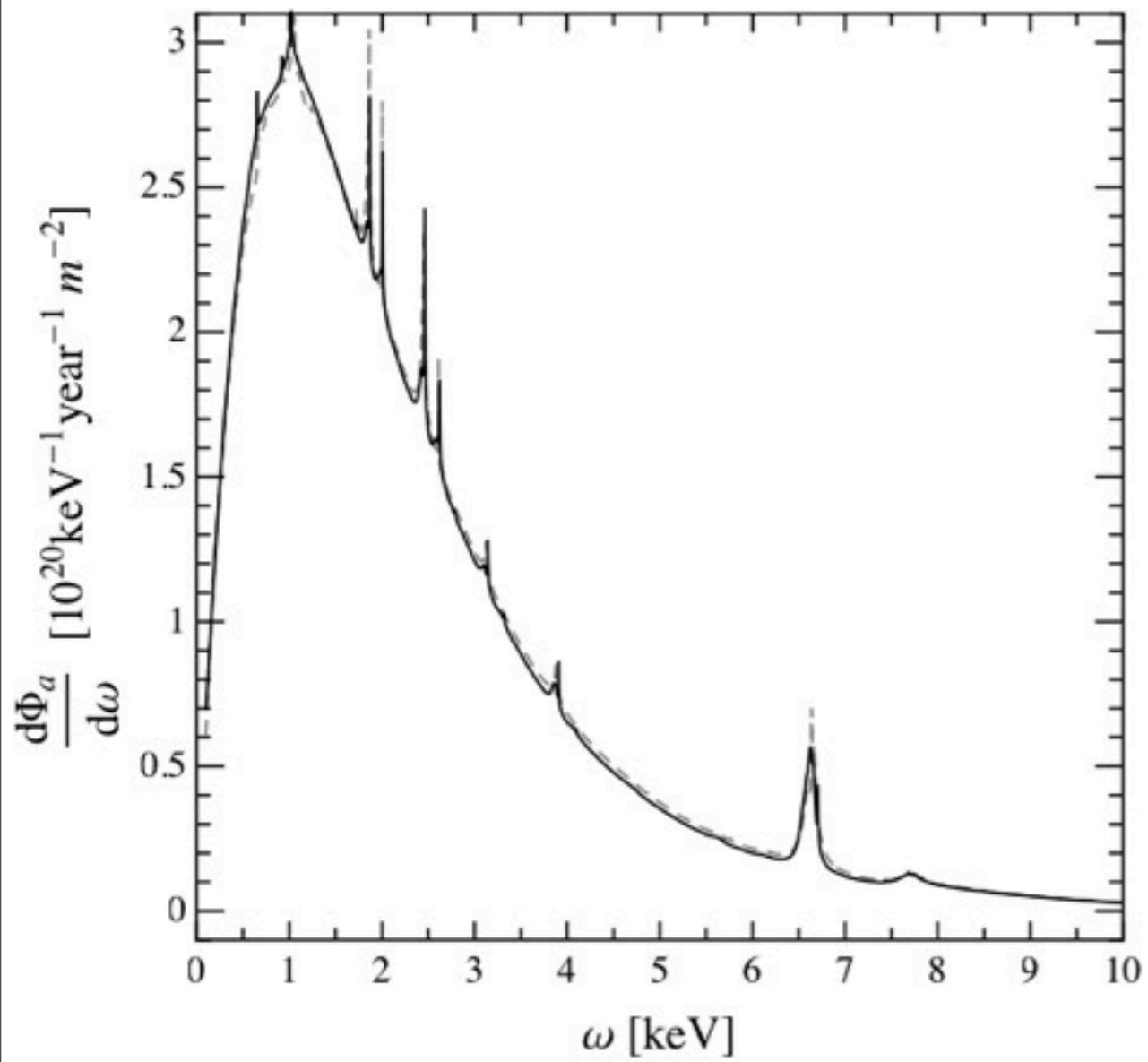
and ... in local thermal equilibrium

photon emission \longleftrightarrow photon absorption (opacity!!)

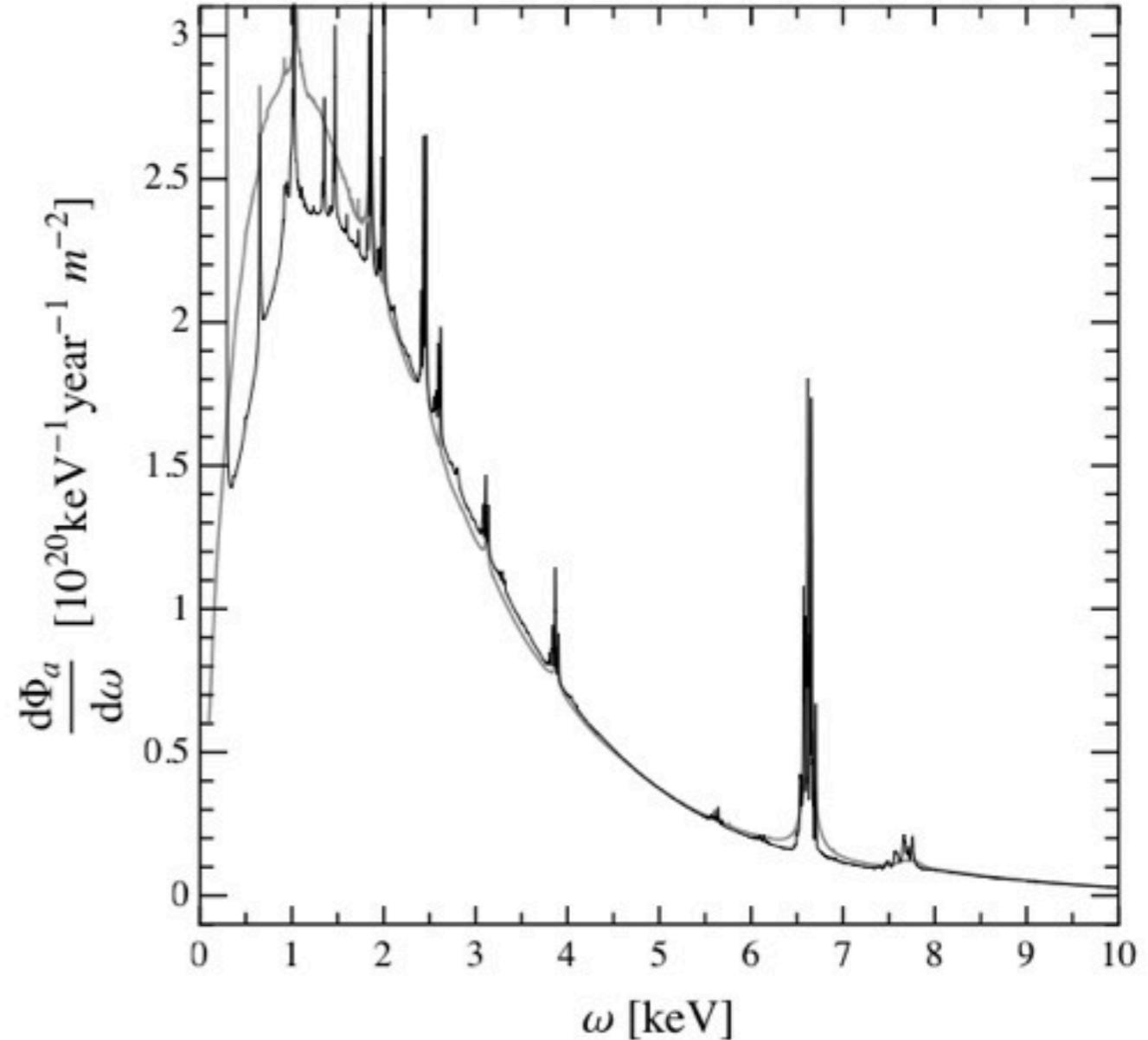
$$\Gamma_{\gamma}^{\text{Abs}} = e^{\frac{E}{T}} \Gamma_{\gamma}^{\text{Prod}}$$

Can be also used with Bremsstrahlung to cross check

different opacity codes



OP vs LEDCOP

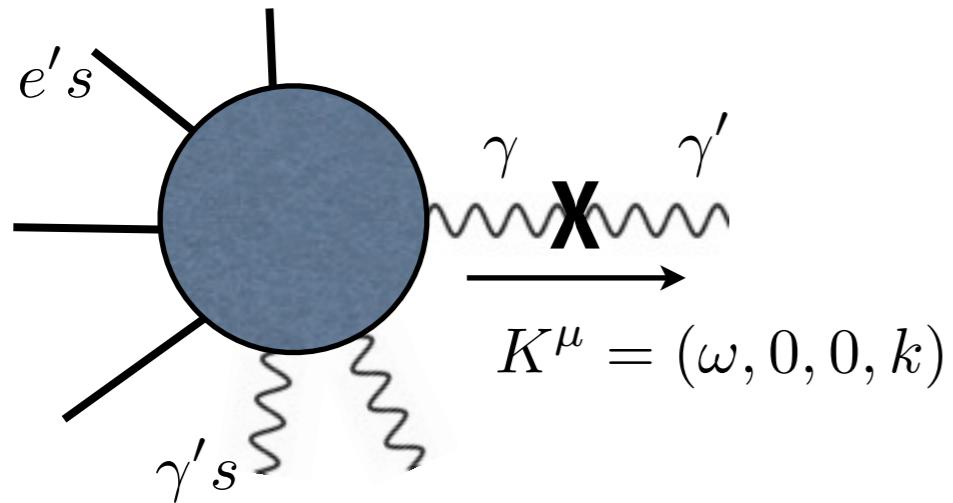


OP vs OPAS

HPs from the Sun

Redondo 08, An 13, Raffelt 13

HPs are produced in photon-oscillations



$$M(i \rightarrow f + \gamma') = M(i \rightarrow f + \gamma) \frac{1}{K^2 - \Pi} (\chi K^2)$$

$K^2 = m^2$

Medium effects

Transverse polarization

$$\Gamma_{\gamma'_T}^{\text{Prod}} = \Gamma_{\gamma_T}^{\text{Prod}} \times \frac{\chi^2 m^4}{(m^2 - \text{Re}\Pi_T)^2 + (\text{Im}\Pi_T)^2}$$

Longitudinal polarization

$$\Gamma_{\gamma'_L}^{\text{Prod}} = \Gamma_{\gamma_L}^{\text{Prod}} \times \frac{\chi^2 m^4}{(m^2 - \text{Re}\Pi_L)^2 + (\text{Im}\Pi_L)^2} = \Gamma_{\gamma_T}^{\text{Prod}} \times \frac{\chi^2 m^2 \omega^2}{(\omega^2 - \text{Re}\Pi_T)^2 + (\text{Im}\Pi_T)^2}$$

(Isotropic, NR medium $|M_L|^2 = |M_T|^2 \frac{K^2}{\omega^2}$, $\Pi_L = \Pi_T \frac{K^2}{\omega^2}$)

A model of refraction and absorption

Redondo 08, An 13, Raffelt 13

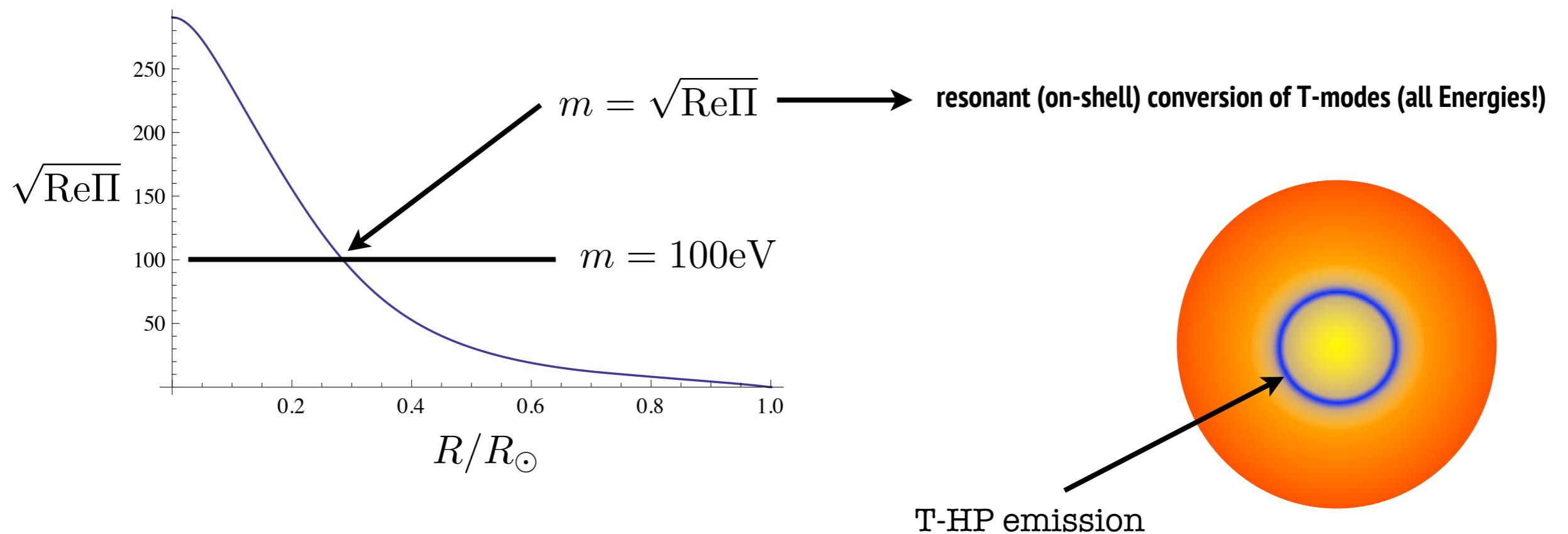
We need Π_T inside the Sun to compute the emission

$$\Pi = \text{Re}\Pi + i\text{Im}\Pi \equiv m_\gamma^2 + i\omega(\Gamma^A - \Gamma^E)$$

refraction absorption(emission)

Refraction: $\text{Re}\Pi = \frac{4\pi\alpha n_e}{m_e} + \sim \frac{4\pi\alpha n_H}{m_e} \sum_r \frac{\omega^2(\omega^2 - \omega_r^2)}{(\omega^2 - \omega_r^2)^2 + (\omega\gamma_r)^2} + \dots$

free electrons (>0) neutral H Z, KK...



A model of refraction and absorption

Redondo 08, An 13, Raffelt 13

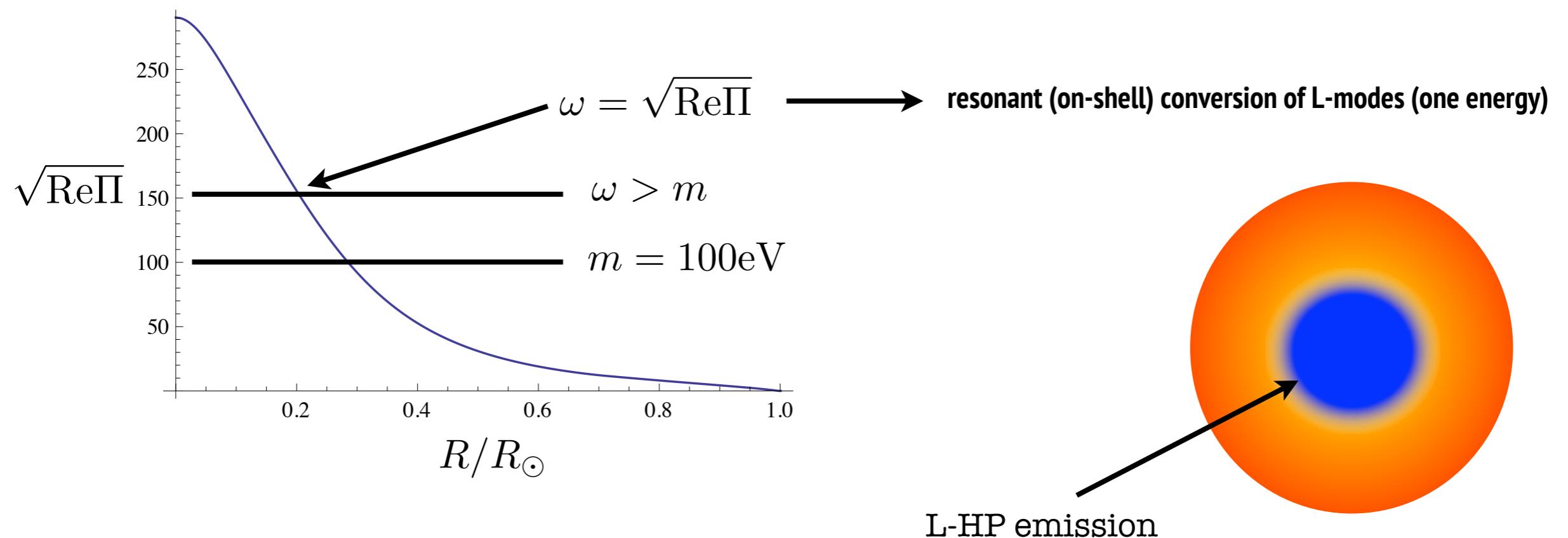
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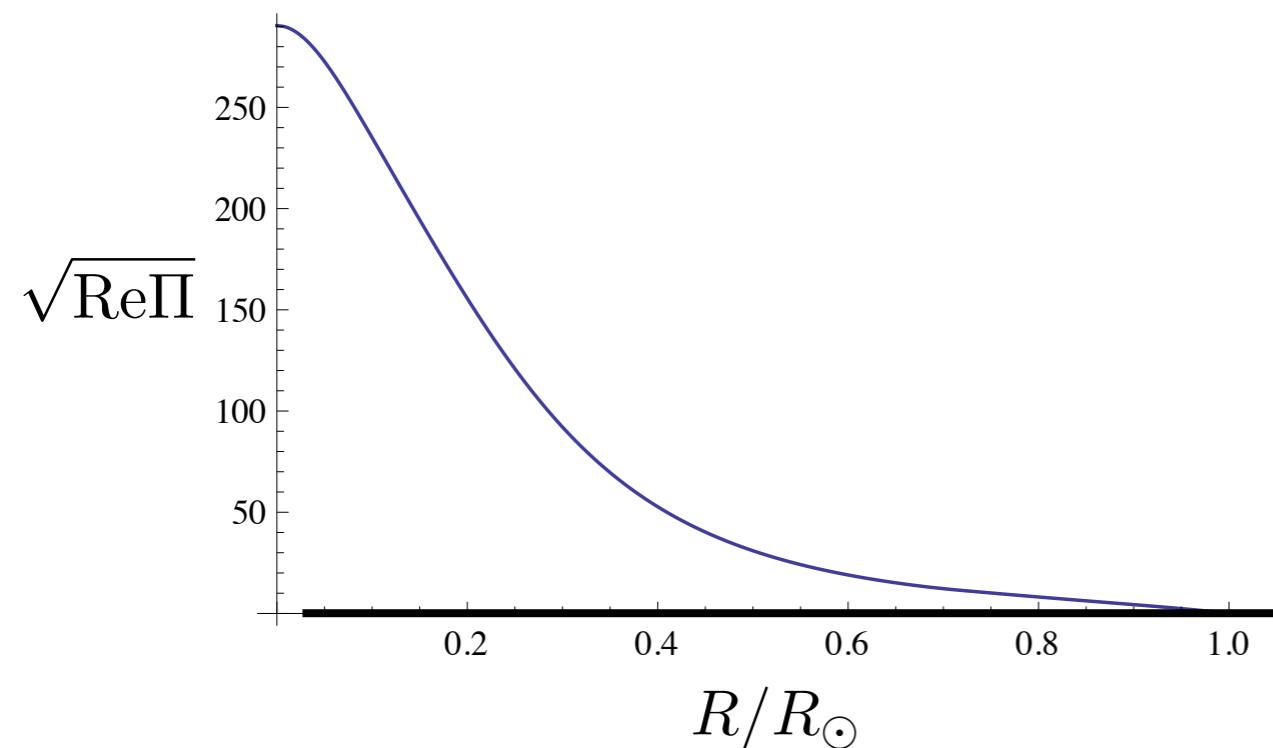
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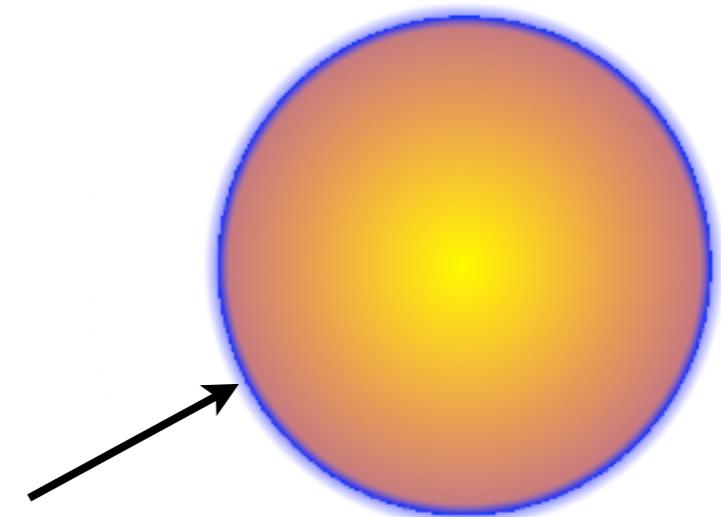
neutral H

Z, KK...



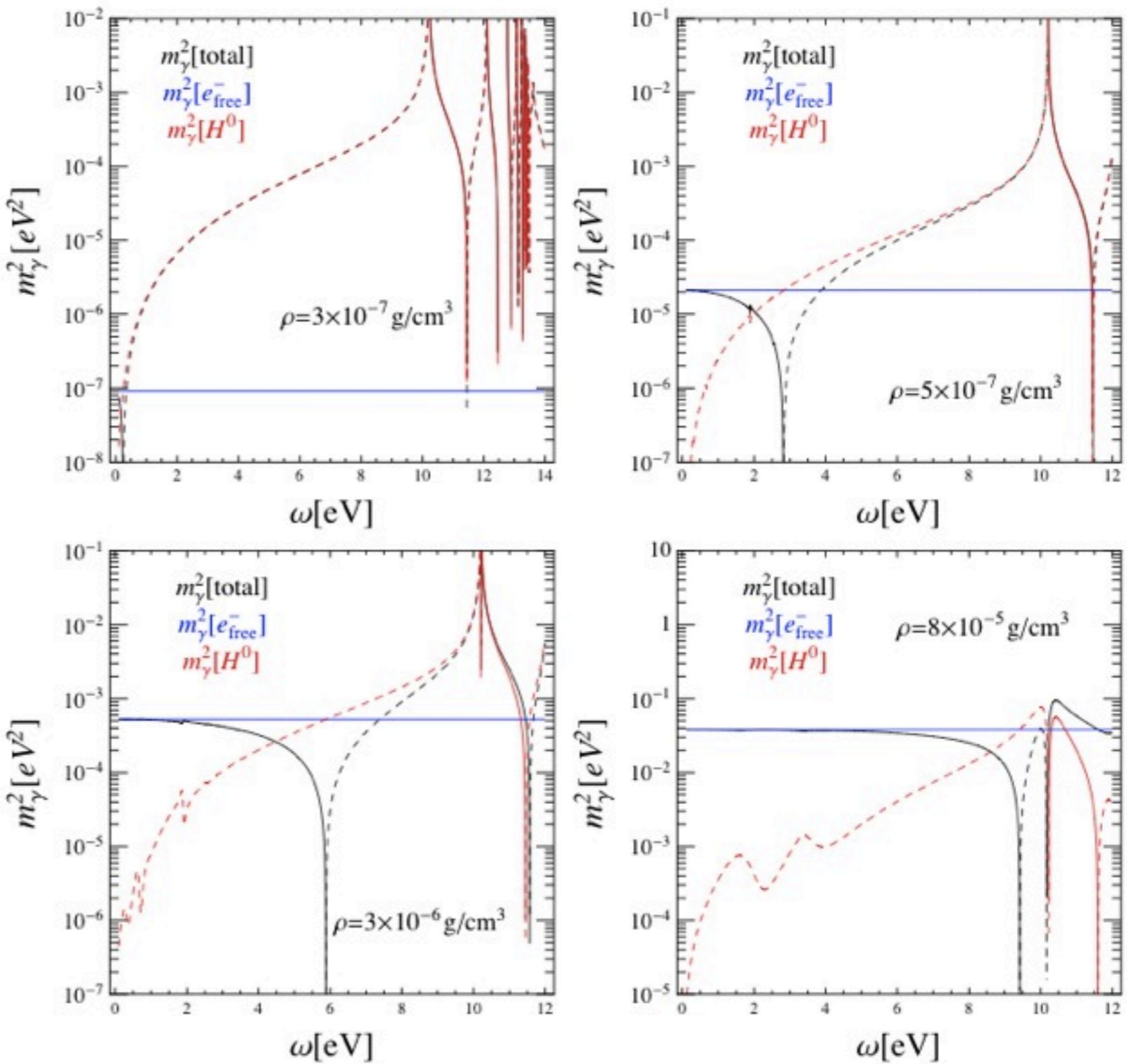
low mass ...
neutral H
plays a role

T-HP emission



A model of refraction and absorption

At low temperatures, densities



A model of refraction and absorption

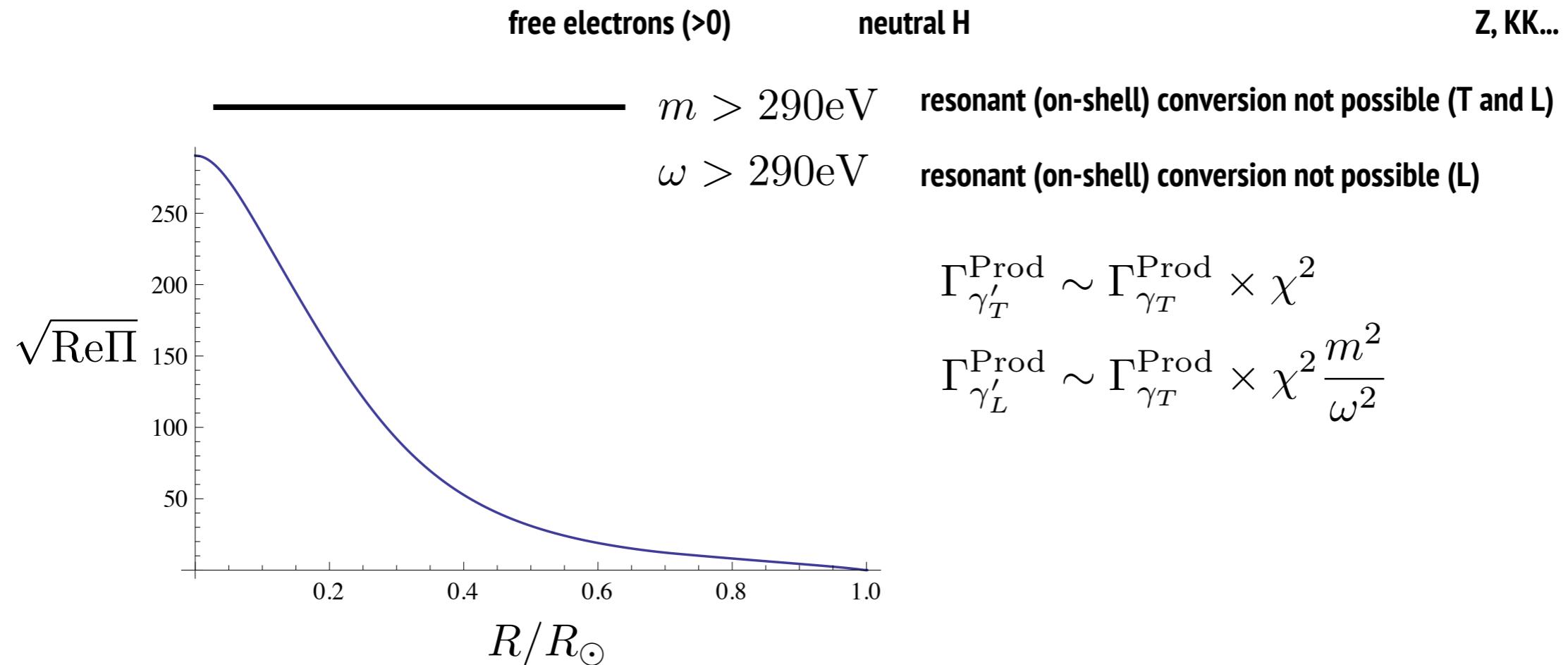
Redondo 08, An 13, Raffelt 13

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A model of refraction and absorption

Redondo 08, An 13, Raffelt 13

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free electrons (>0) neutral H Z, KK...

Absorption/E: $\text{Im}\Pi = \Pi^{\text{Bremsstrahlung}} + \Pi^{\text{Compton}} + \Pi^{\text{Atomic,H}} + \Pi^{\text{Atomic,Z}} + \dots$

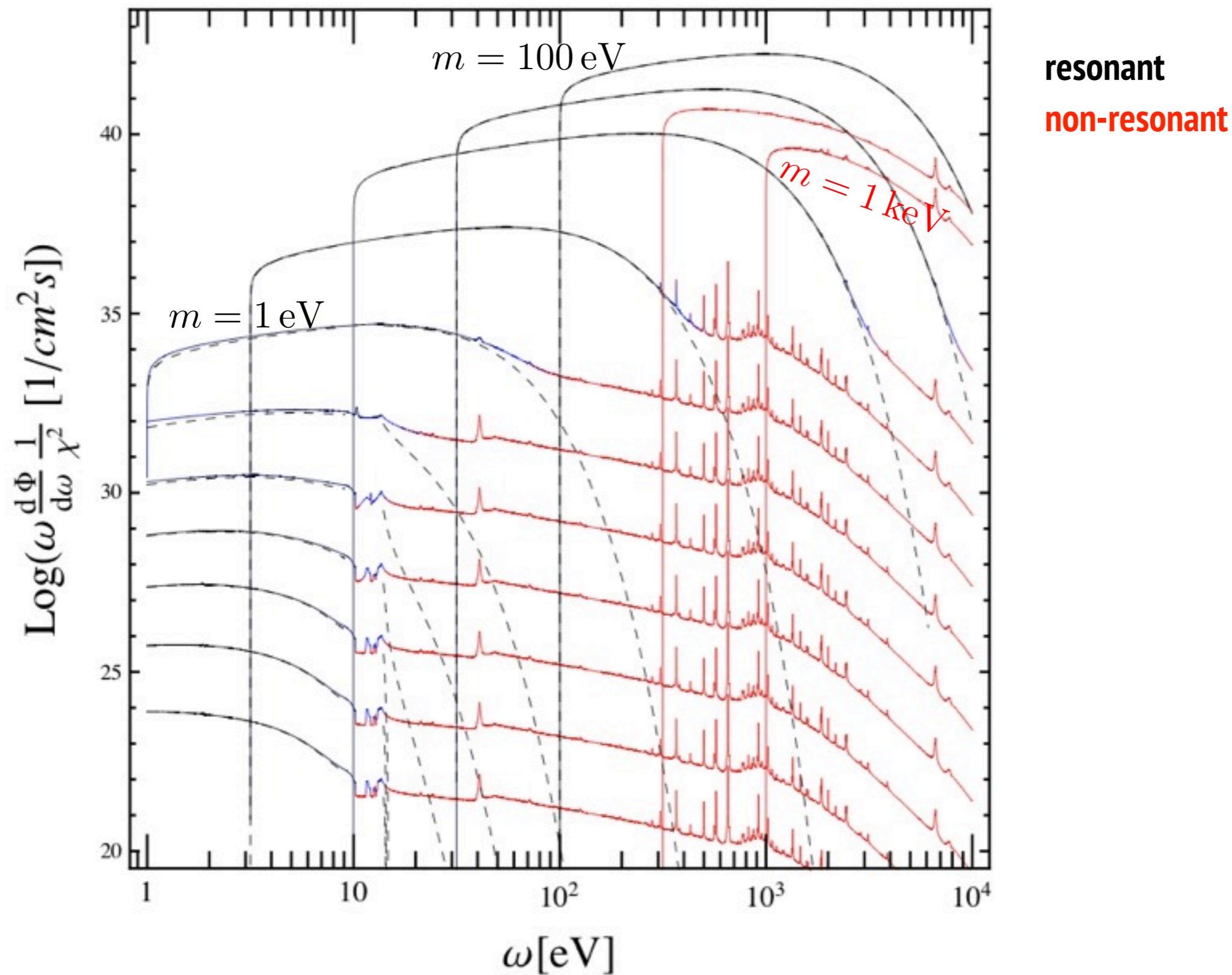
standard formulas calculated taken from OP

Completely irrelevant for the Sun-average emission

$$\int dr \frac{\Gamma(r)}{(m^2 - \text{Re}\Pi(r))^2 + (\omega\Gamma(r))^2} \times \dots = \text{independent of } \Gamma$$

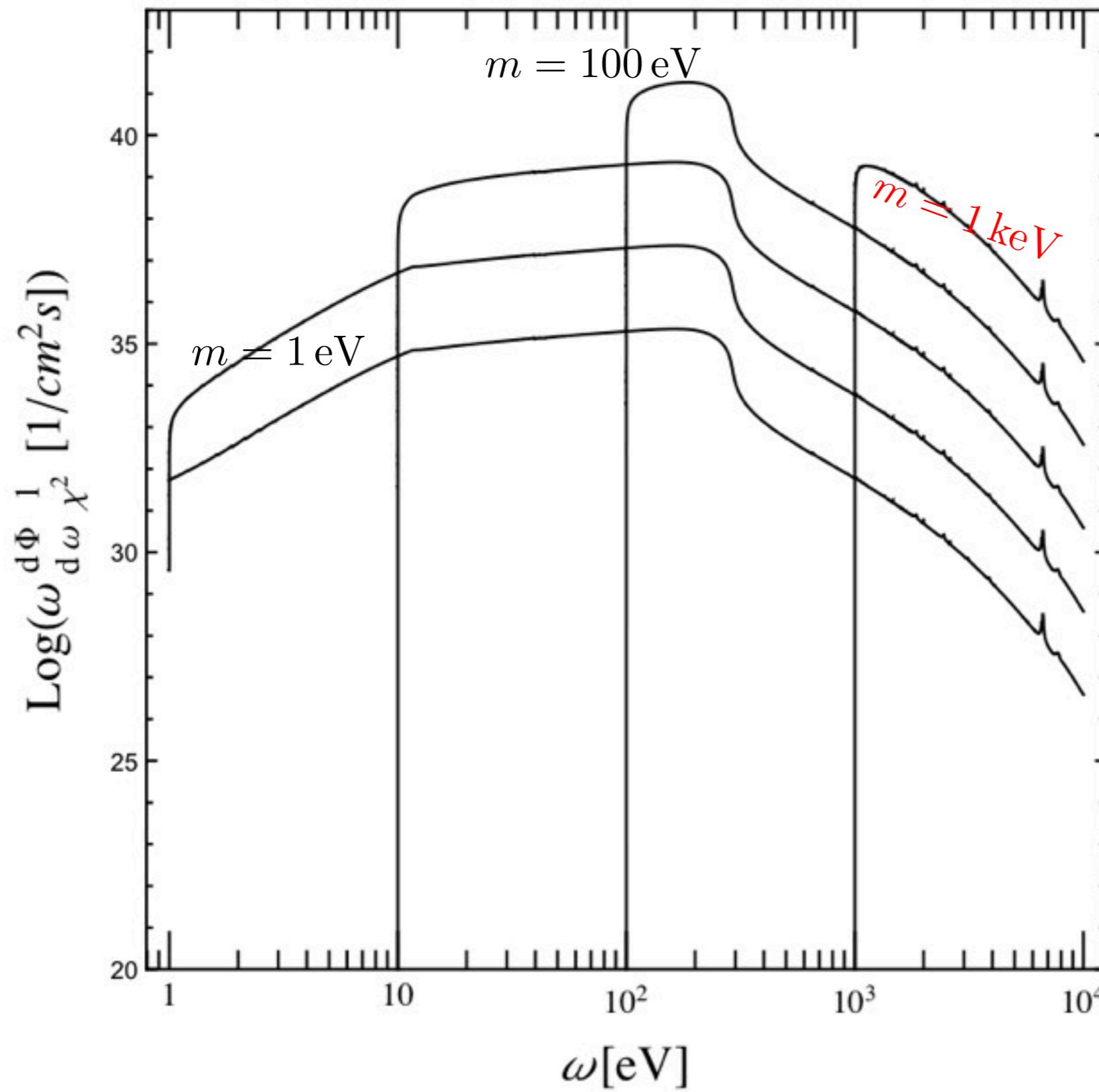
Atlas of solar HP emission: T-modes

Redondo [arXiv:1501.07292](#)



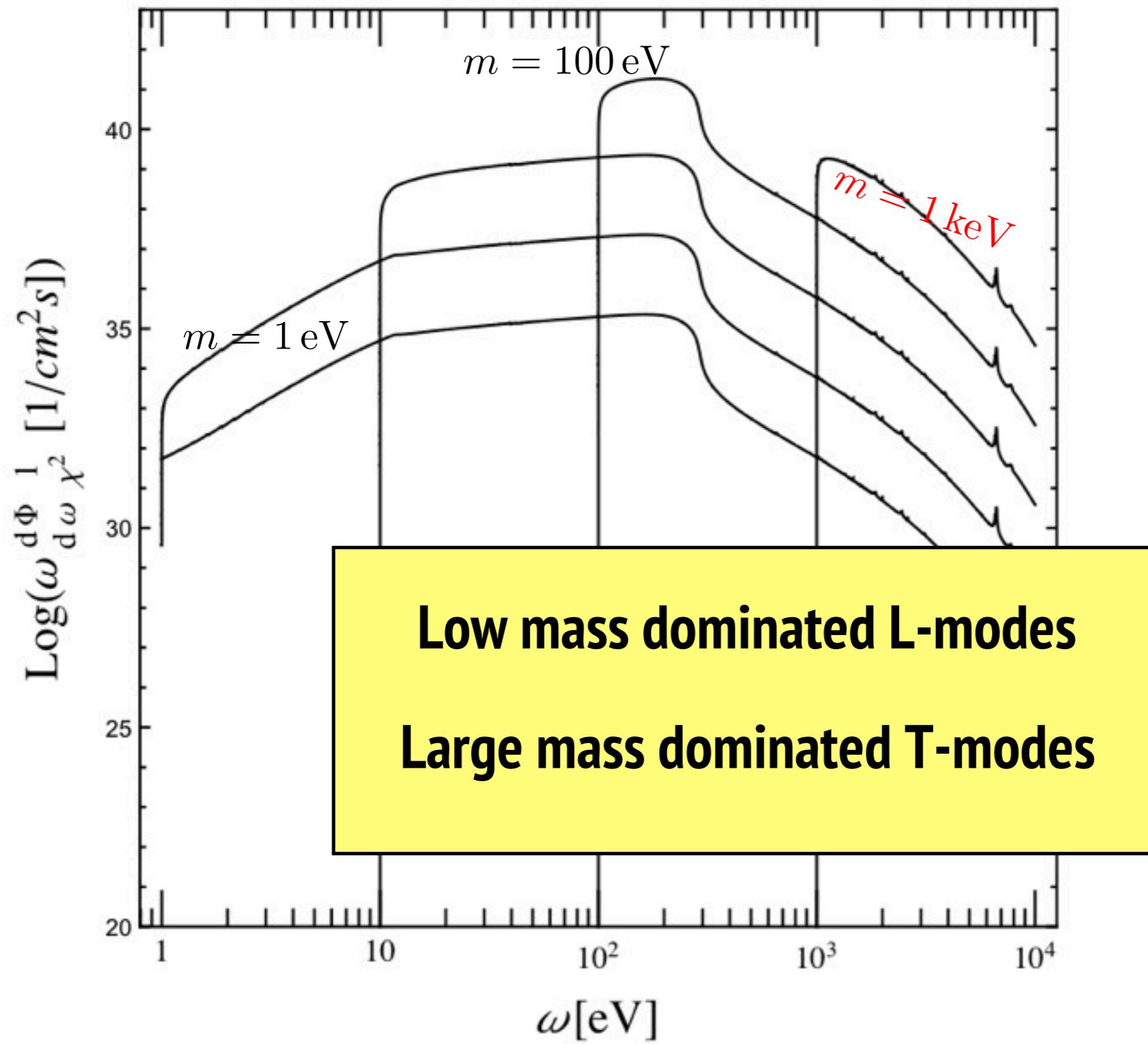
Atlas of solar HP emission: L-modes

Redondo [arXiv:1501.07292](#)



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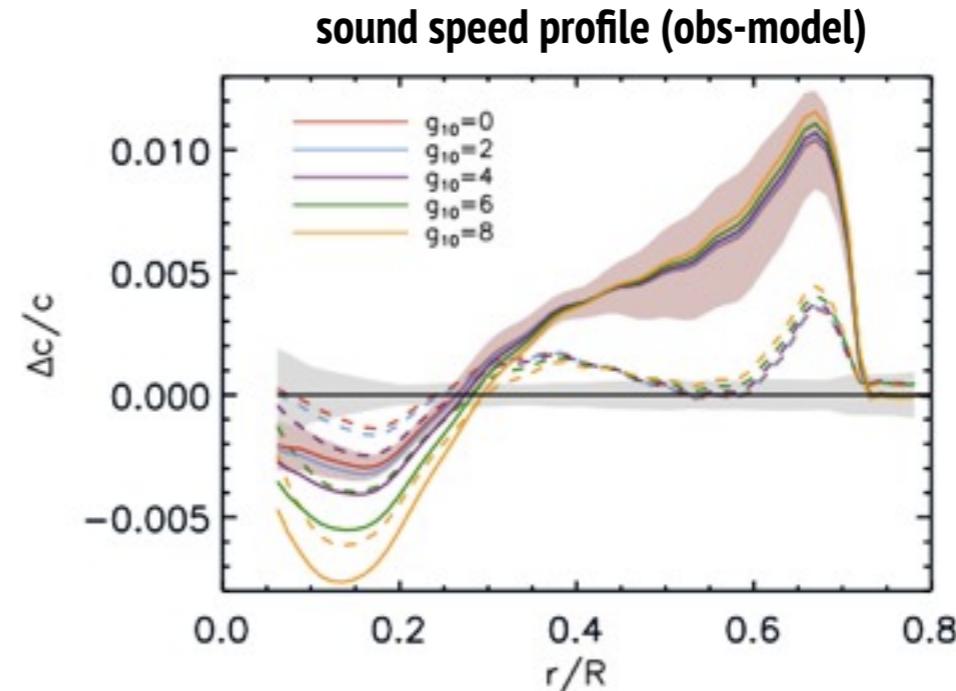
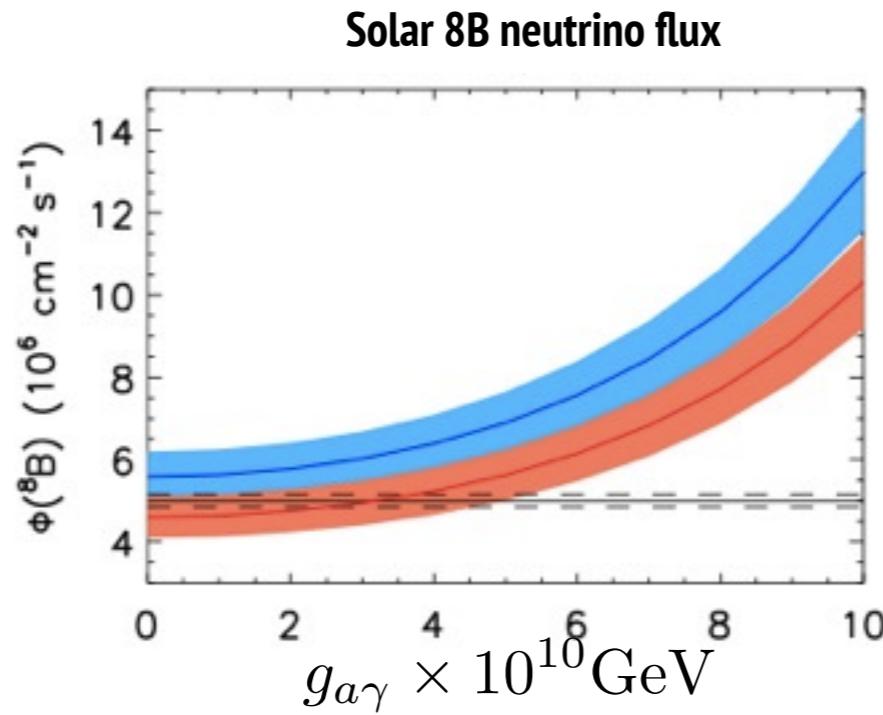


Constraining Solar Axions

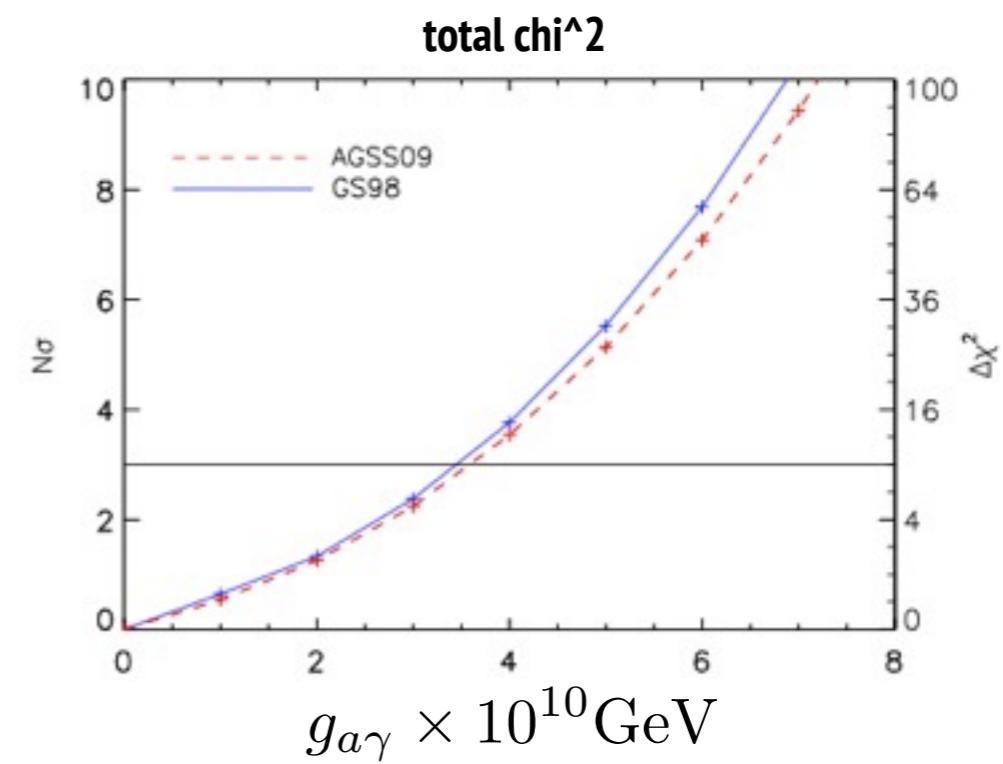
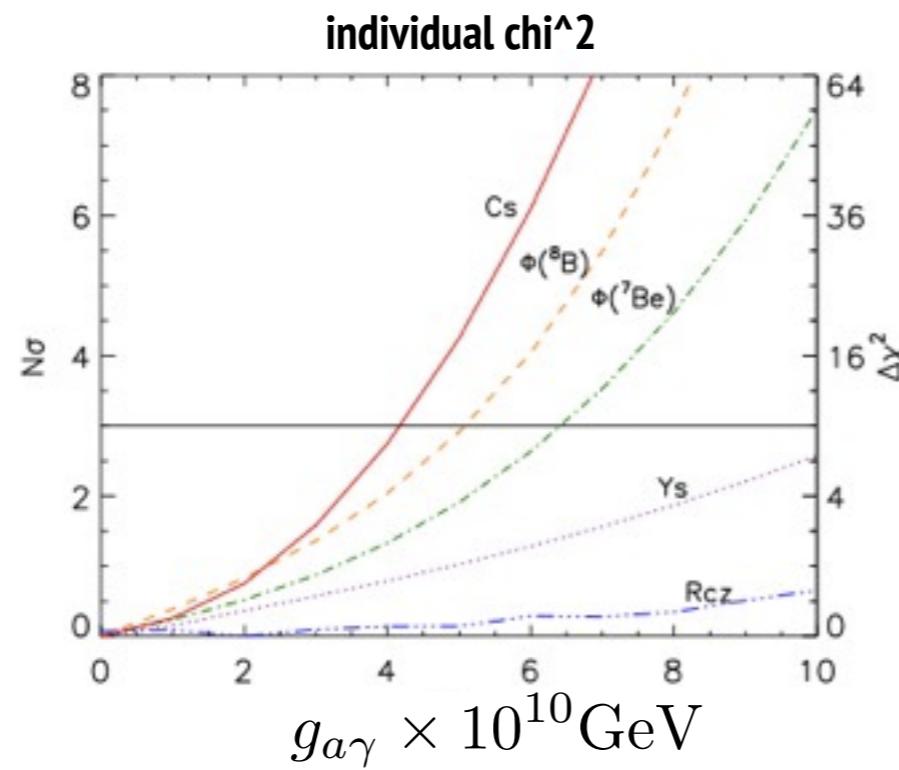
... An 13, Raffelt 13, Vinyoles arXiv:1501.01639

Solar models with Axion (hadronic, L-HP emission)

Axions



solid (AG09),
dashed (GS98)

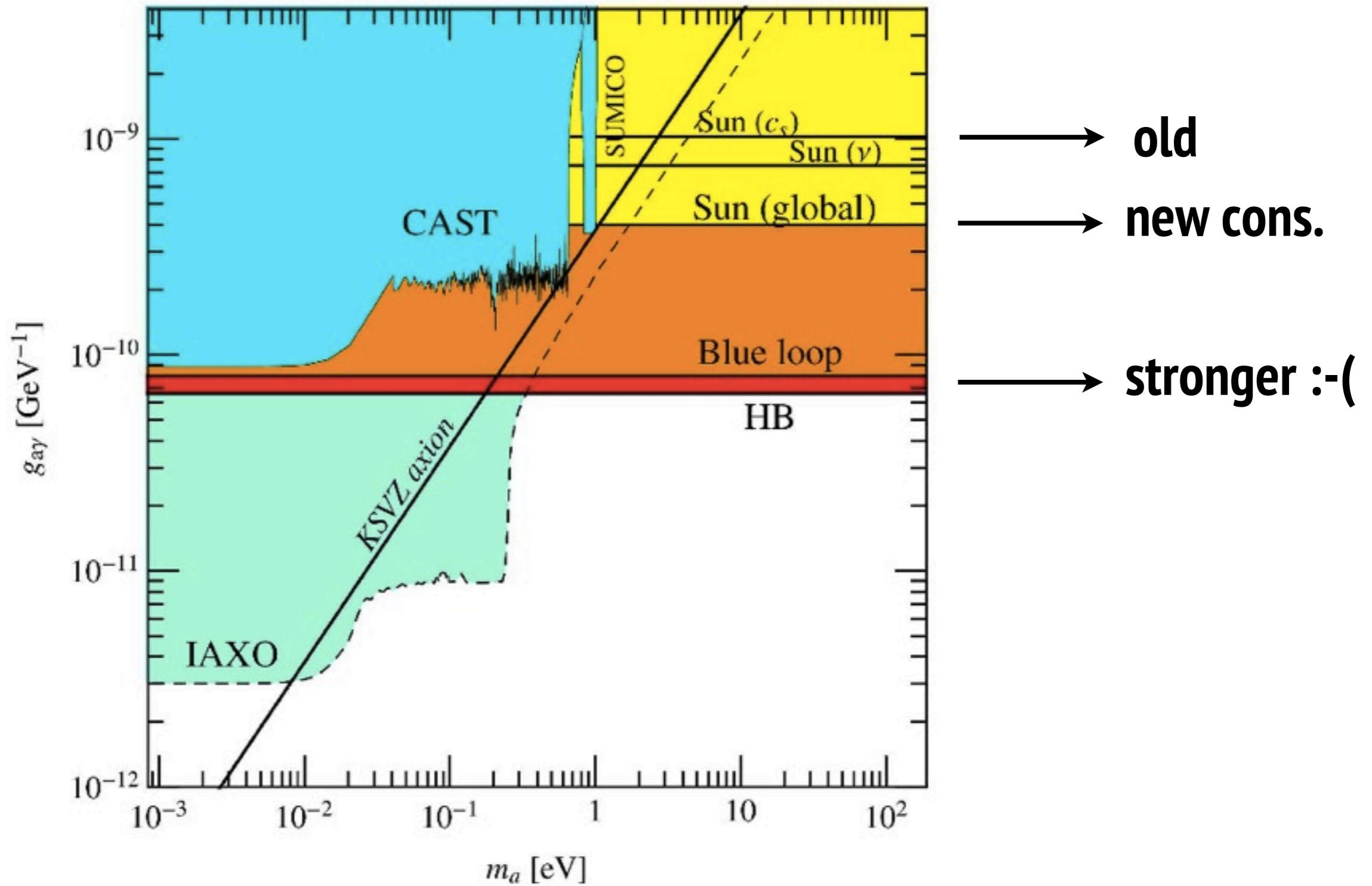


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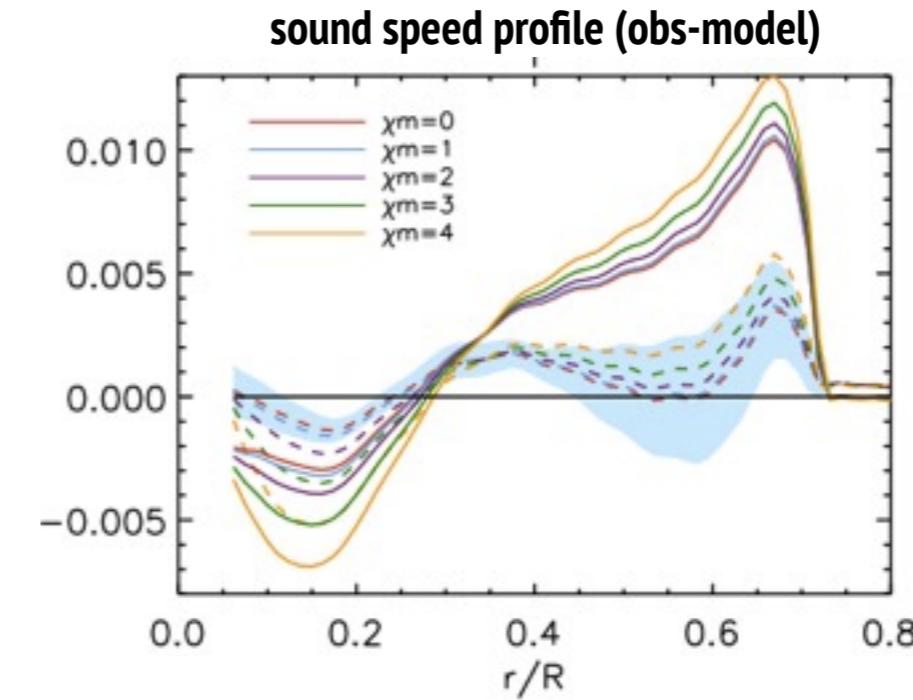
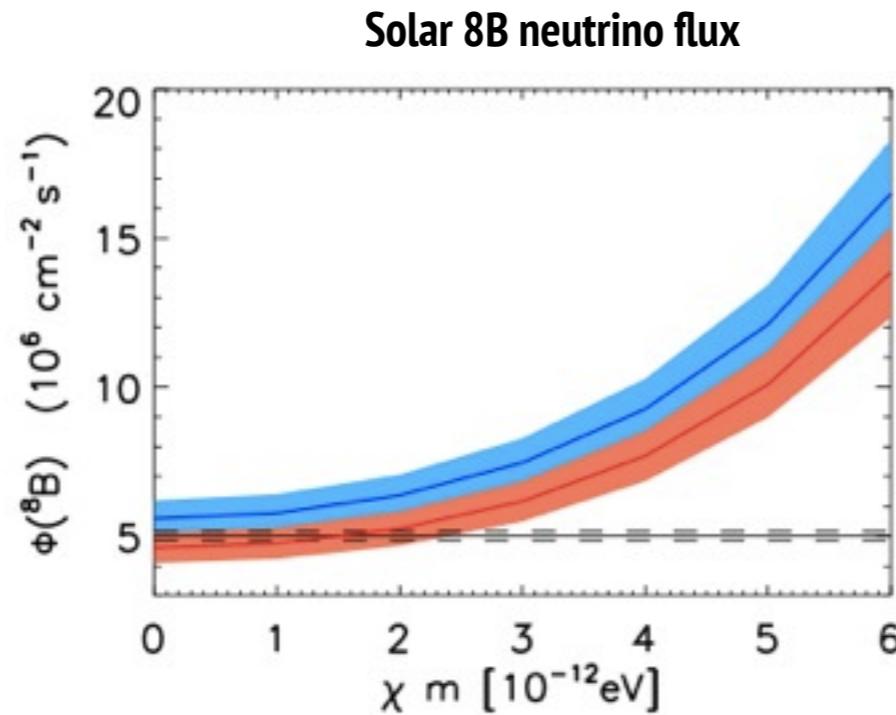


Constraining Solar HPs

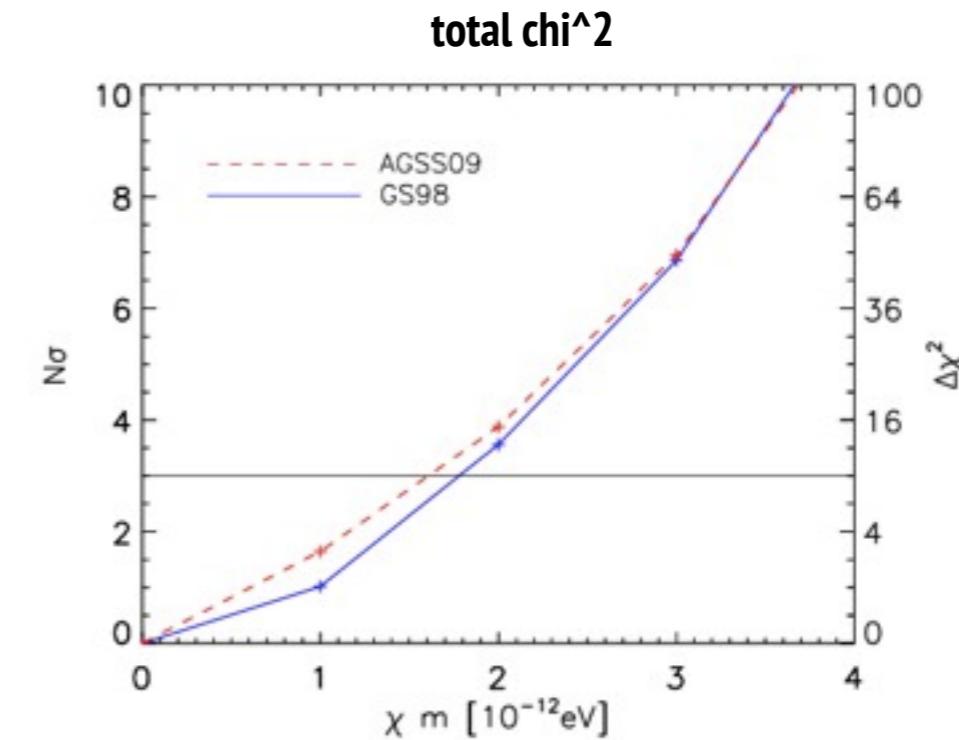
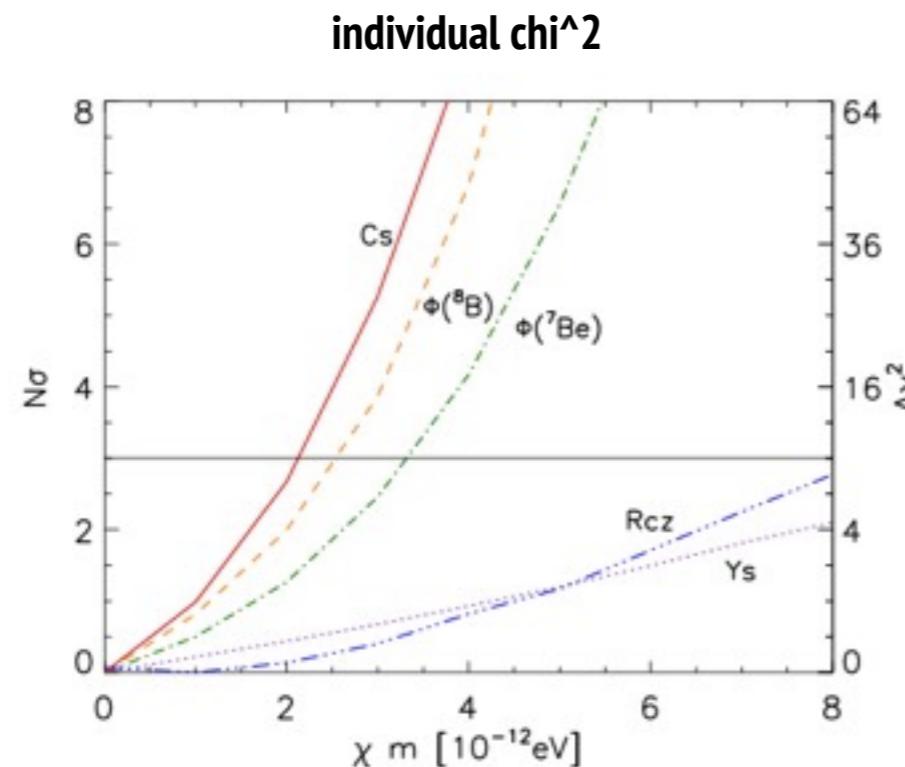
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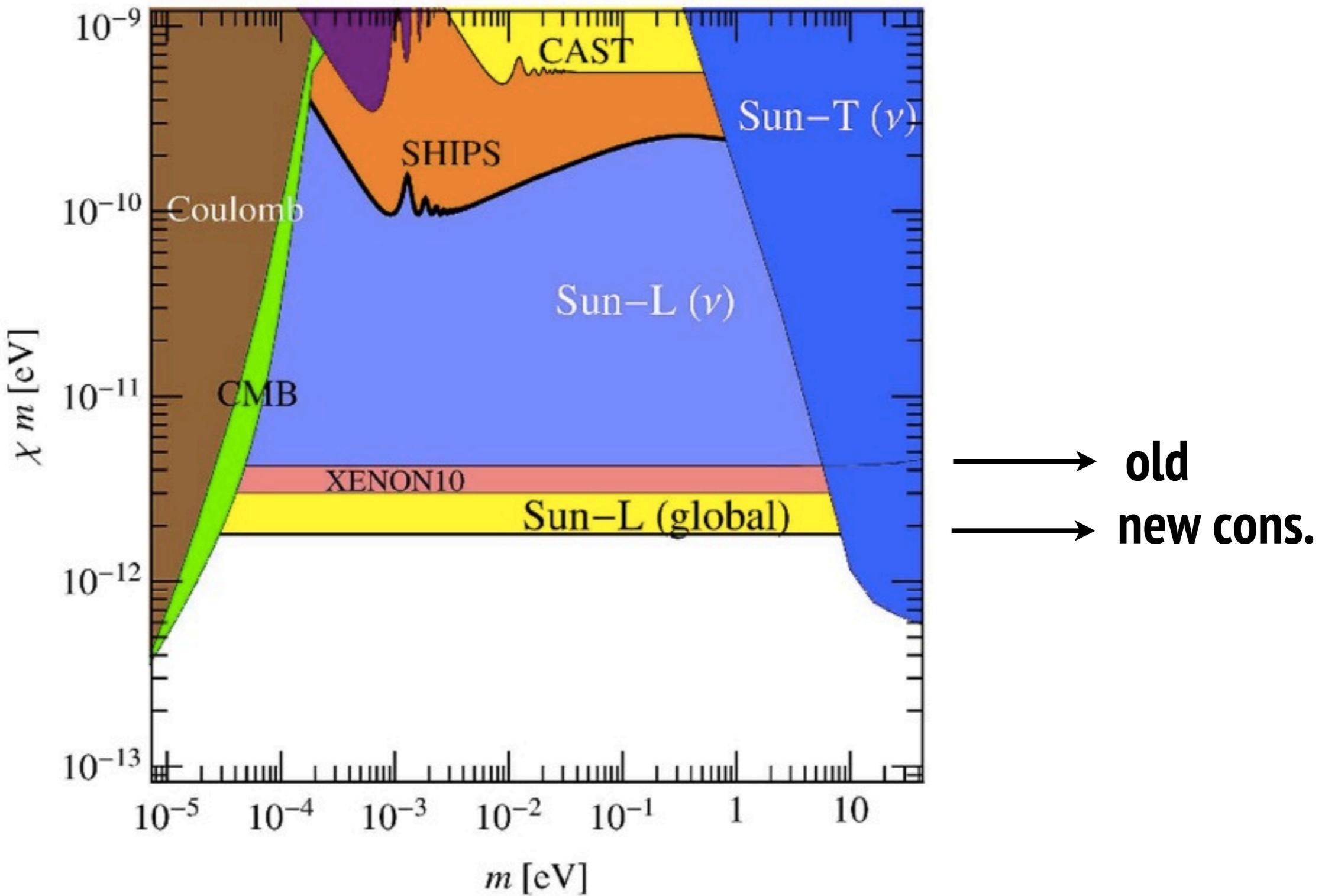
L-HPs



**solid (AG09),
dashed (GS98)**



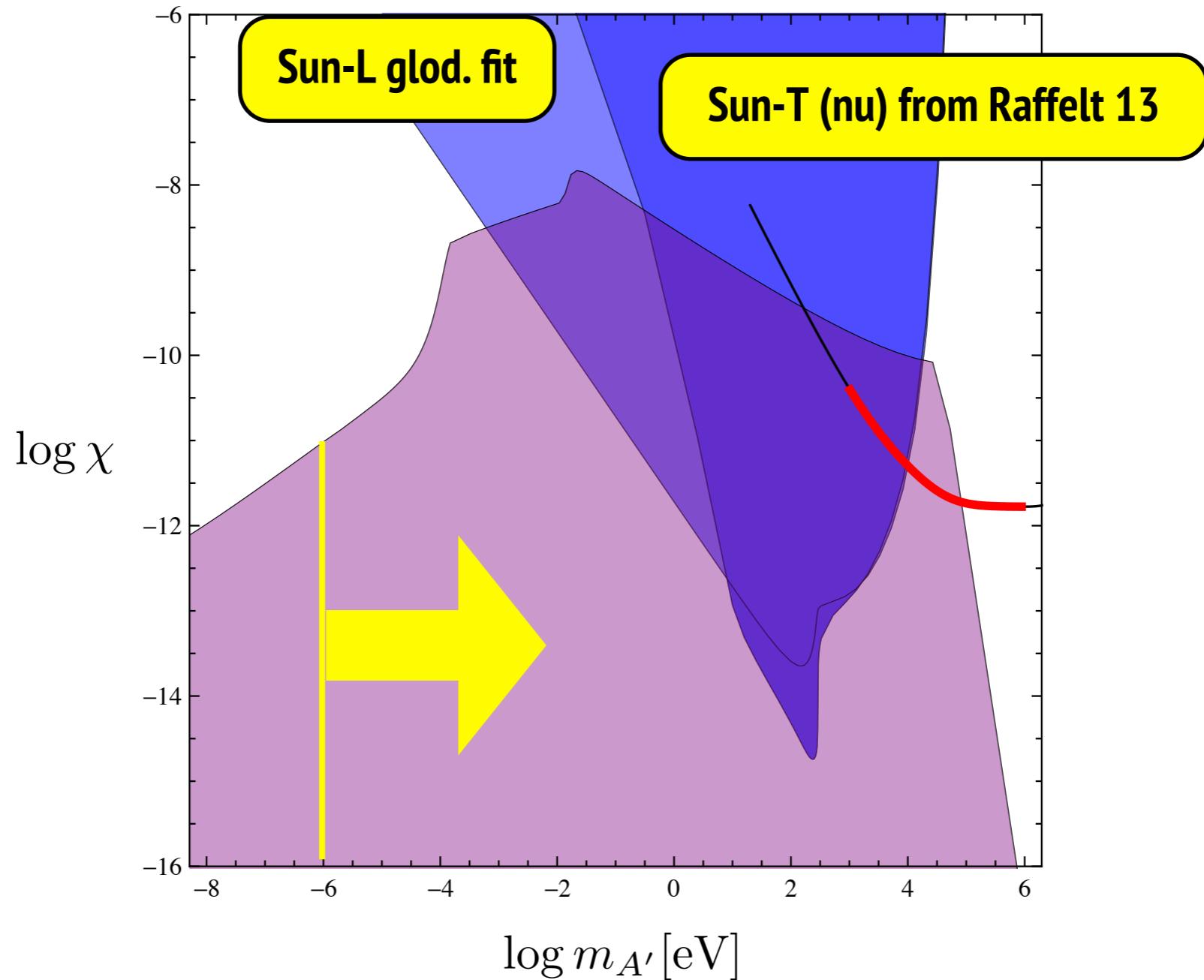
Constraining Solar HPs



caveat ... solar abundance issue

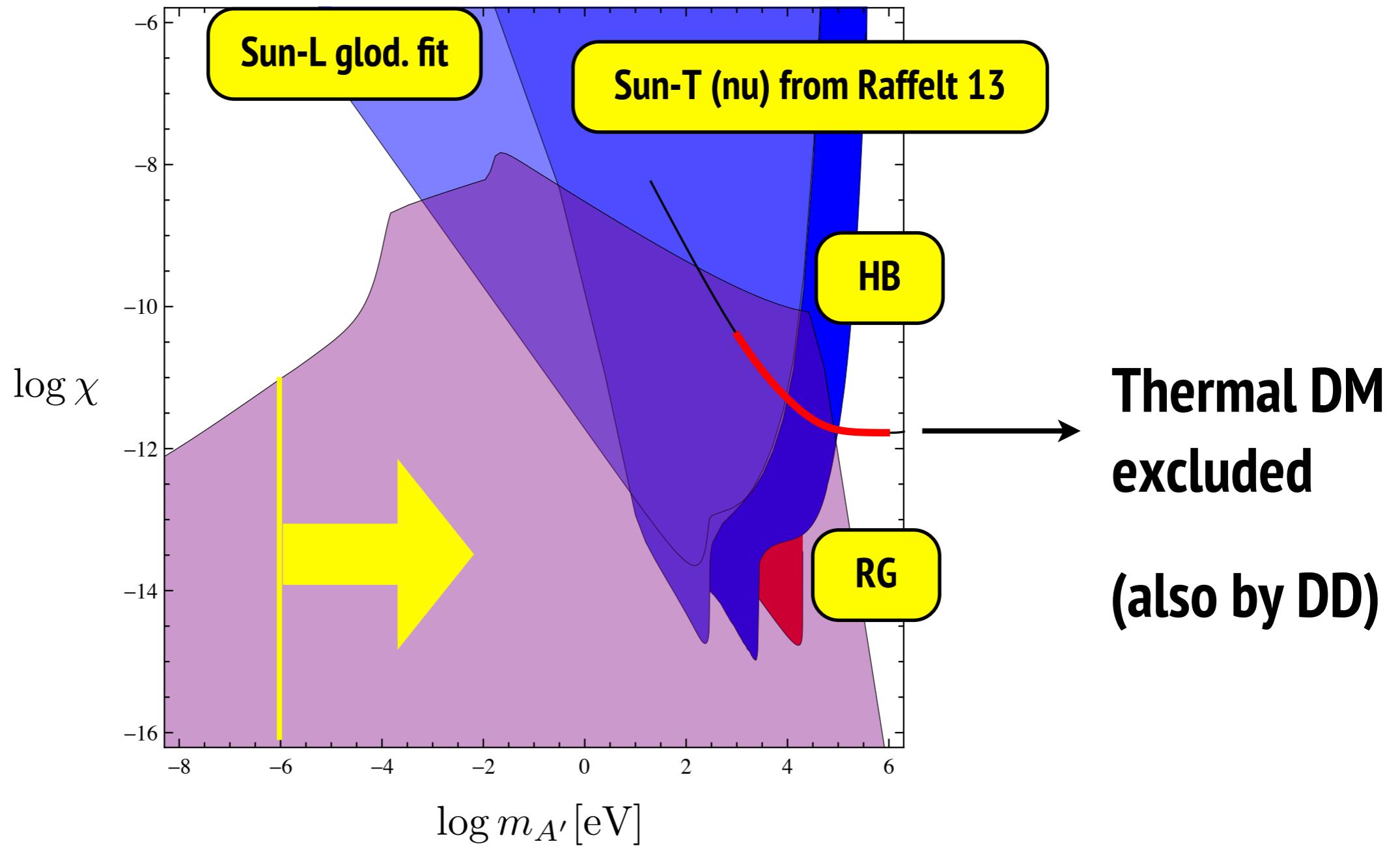
Constraining Solar HPs

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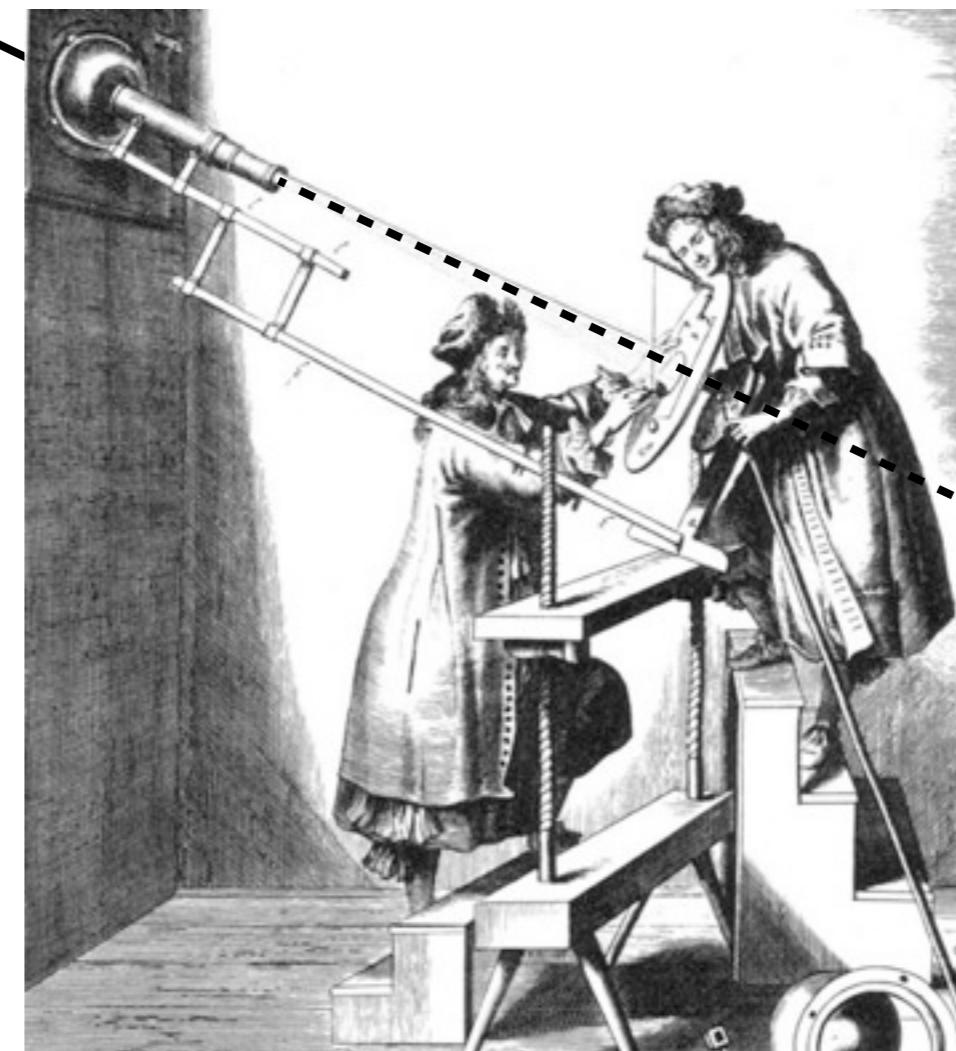
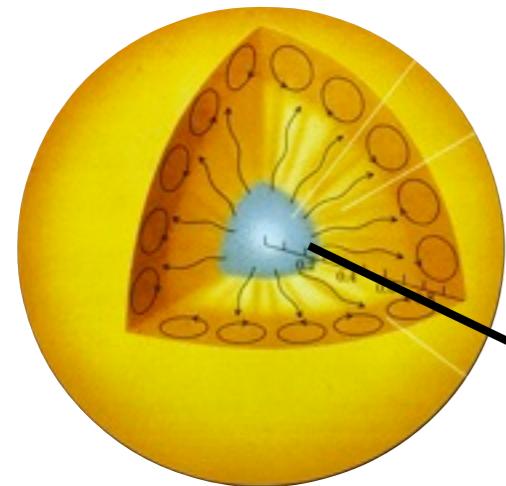
Constraining HPs from HB and RG

... An 13, Raffelt 13, Vinyoles [arXiv:1501.01639](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.01639)



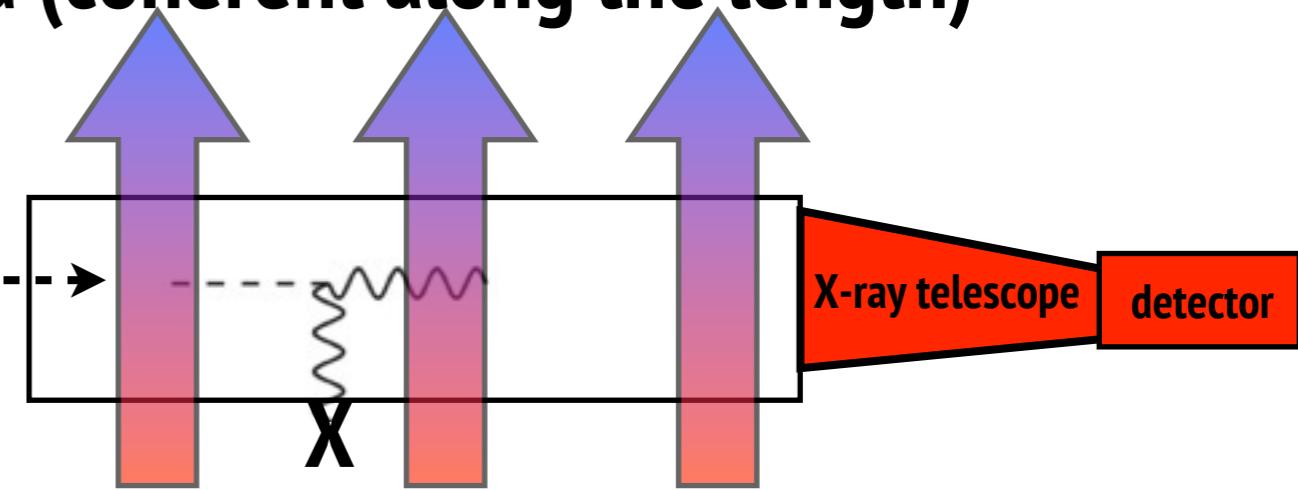
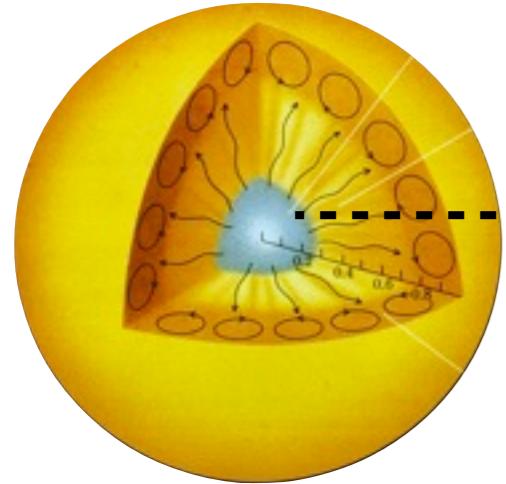
Helioscopes

Detect solar WISPs with Earth-bound Experiments



Axion Helioscopes

Detect solar Axions in a strong B-field (coherent along the length)

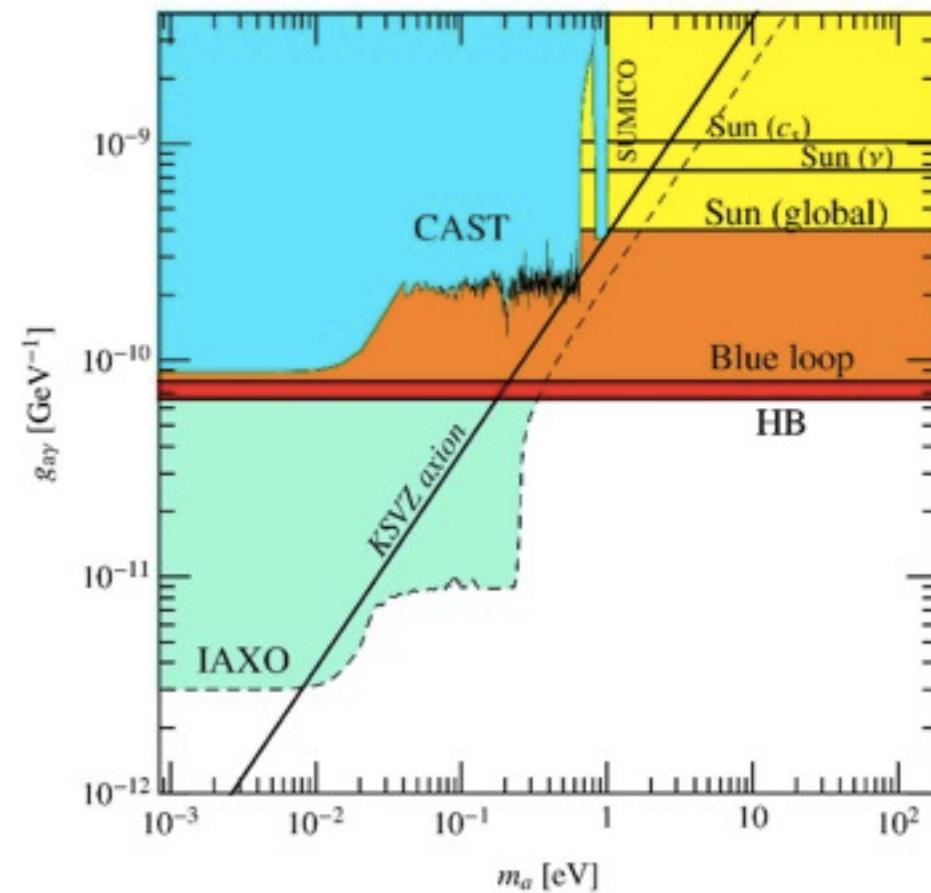


$$P(a \rightarrow \gamma) = \frac{g_{a\gamma}^2 B^2 \omega^2}{m_a^4} \sin^2 \left(\frac{m_a^2 L}{4\omega} \right)$$

CAST (LHC dipole 9.3 m, 9T)

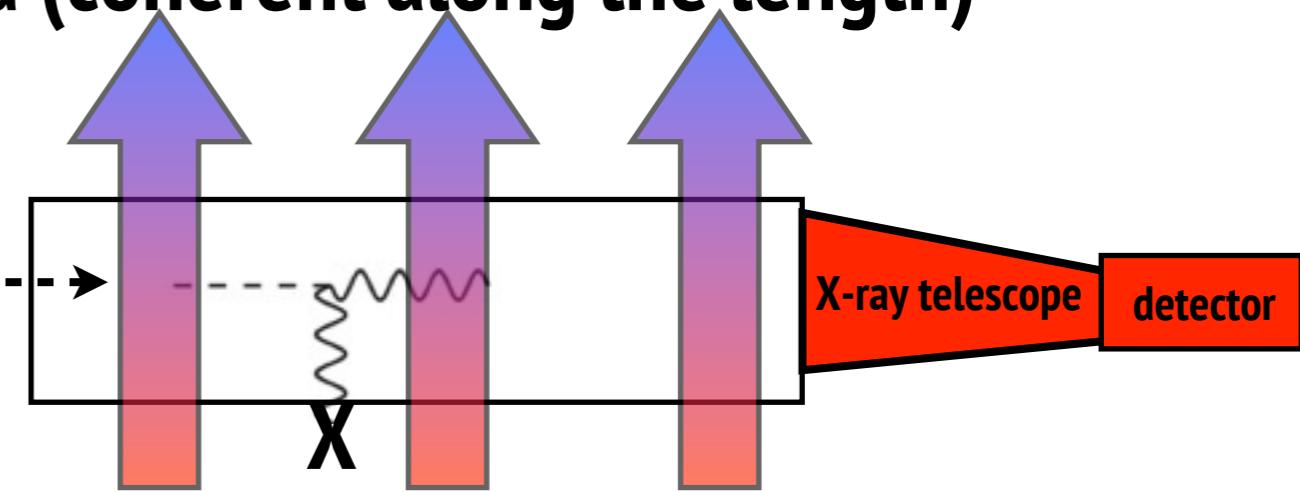
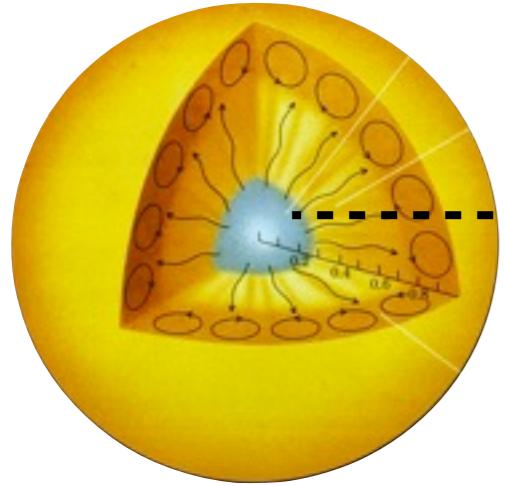


hadronic axions



Axion Helioscopes

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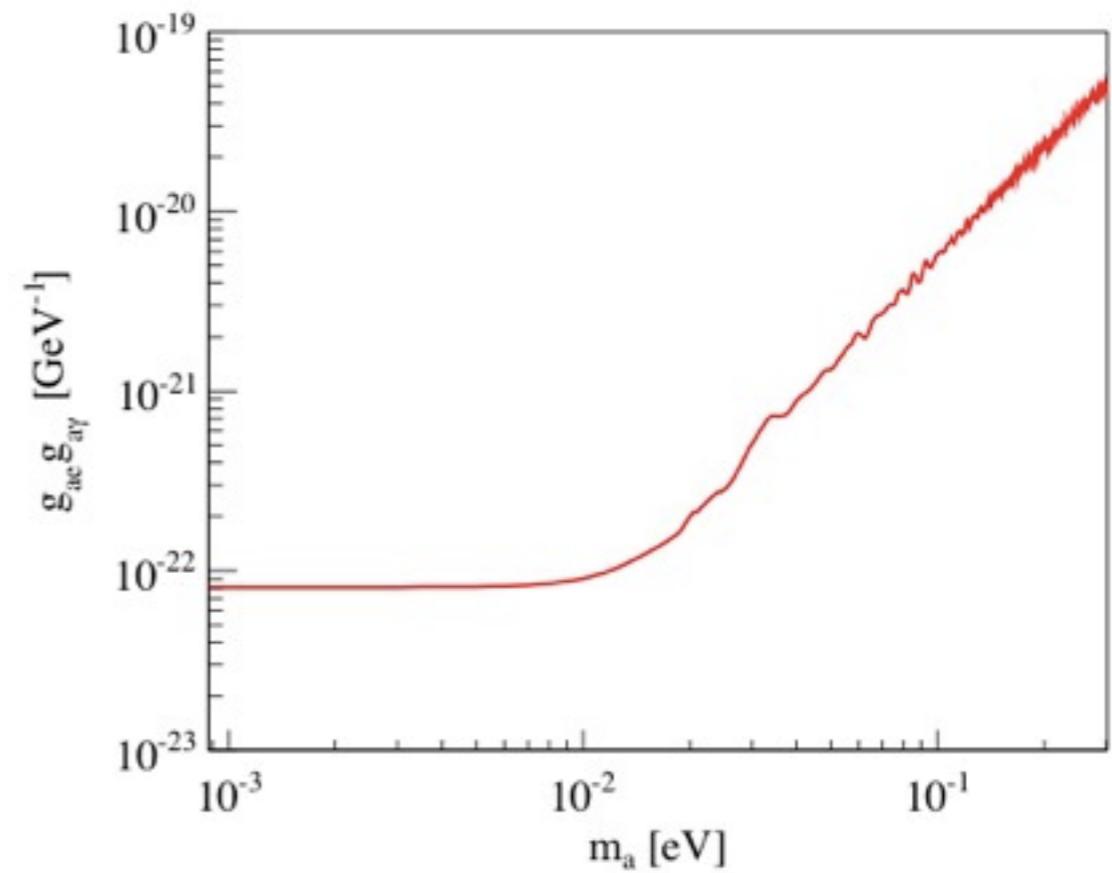


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non-hadronic axions



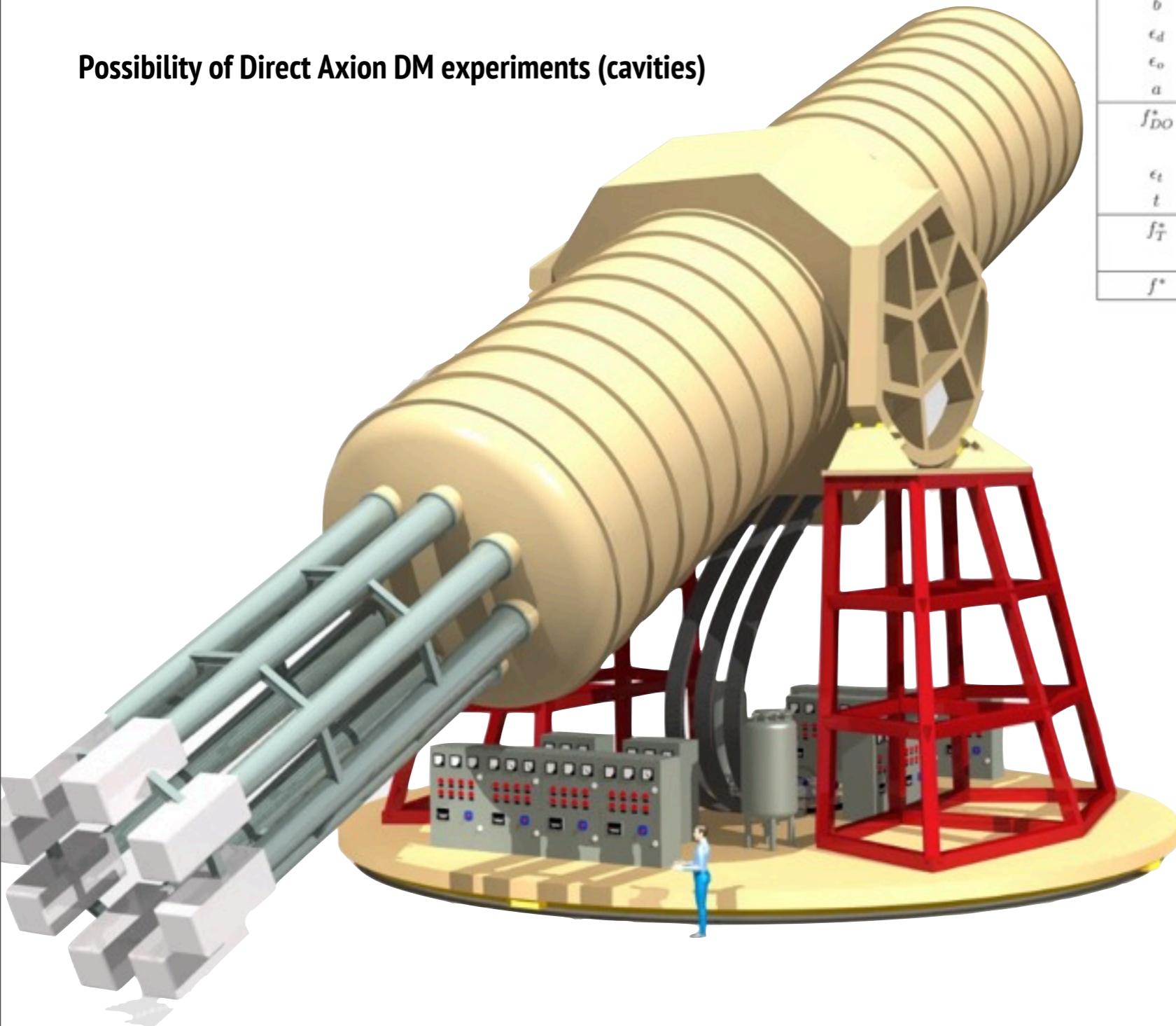
Next generation (proposed) IAXO

Boost parameters to the maximum

Conceptual design report IAXO 2014 JINST 9 T05002

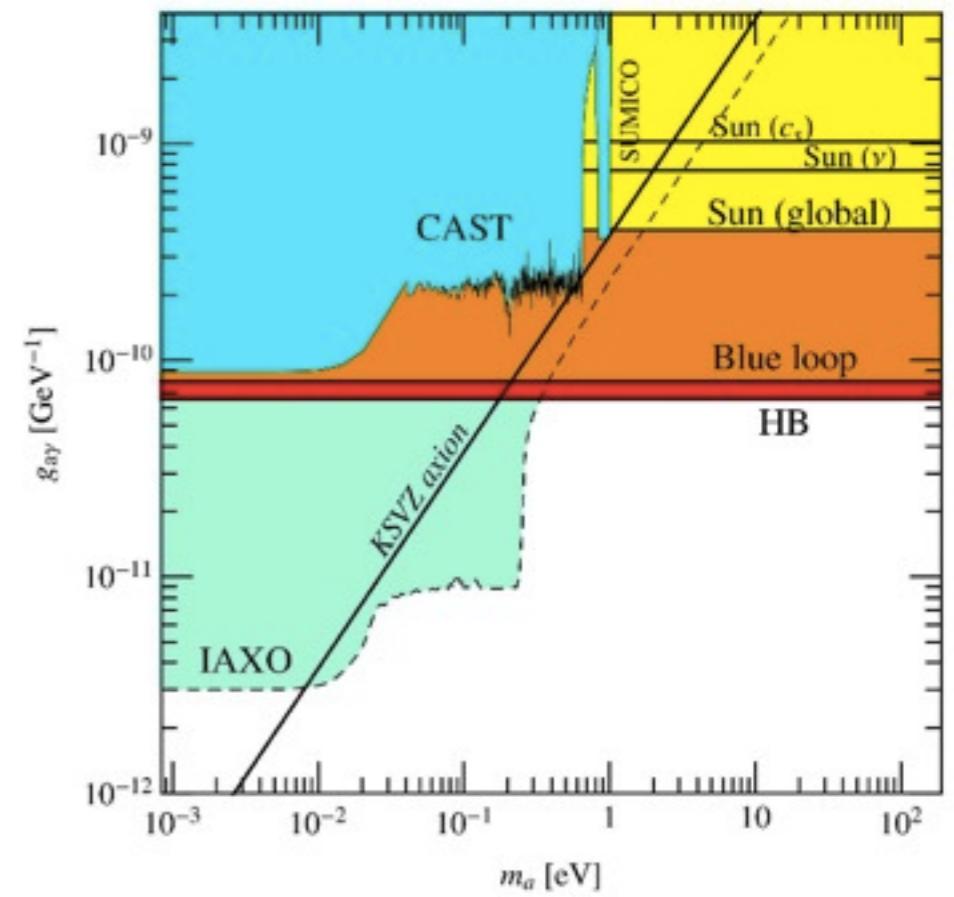
LOI submitted to CERN, TDR in preparation

Possibility of Direct Axion DM experiments (cavities)



Parameter	Unit	CAST-I	NGAH 1	NGAH 2	NGAH 3	NGAH 4
B	T	9	3	3	4	5
L	m	9.26	12	15	15	20
A	m^2	2×0.0015	1.7	2.6	2.6	4.0
f_M^*		1	100	260	450	1900
b	$\frac{10^{-5} \text{ e}}{\text{keV cm}^2 \text{ s}}$	~ 4	3×10^{-2}	10^{-2}	3×10^{-3}	10^{-3}
ϵ_d		0.5-0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
ϵ_o		0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6
a	cm^2	0.15	3	2	1	1
f_{DO}^*		1	6	14	40	40
ϵ_t		0.12	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5
t	year	~ 1	3	3	3	3
f_T^*		1	2.7	2.7	3.5	3.5
f^*		1	1.6×10^3	9.8×10^3	6.3×10^4	2.7×10^5

hadronic axions



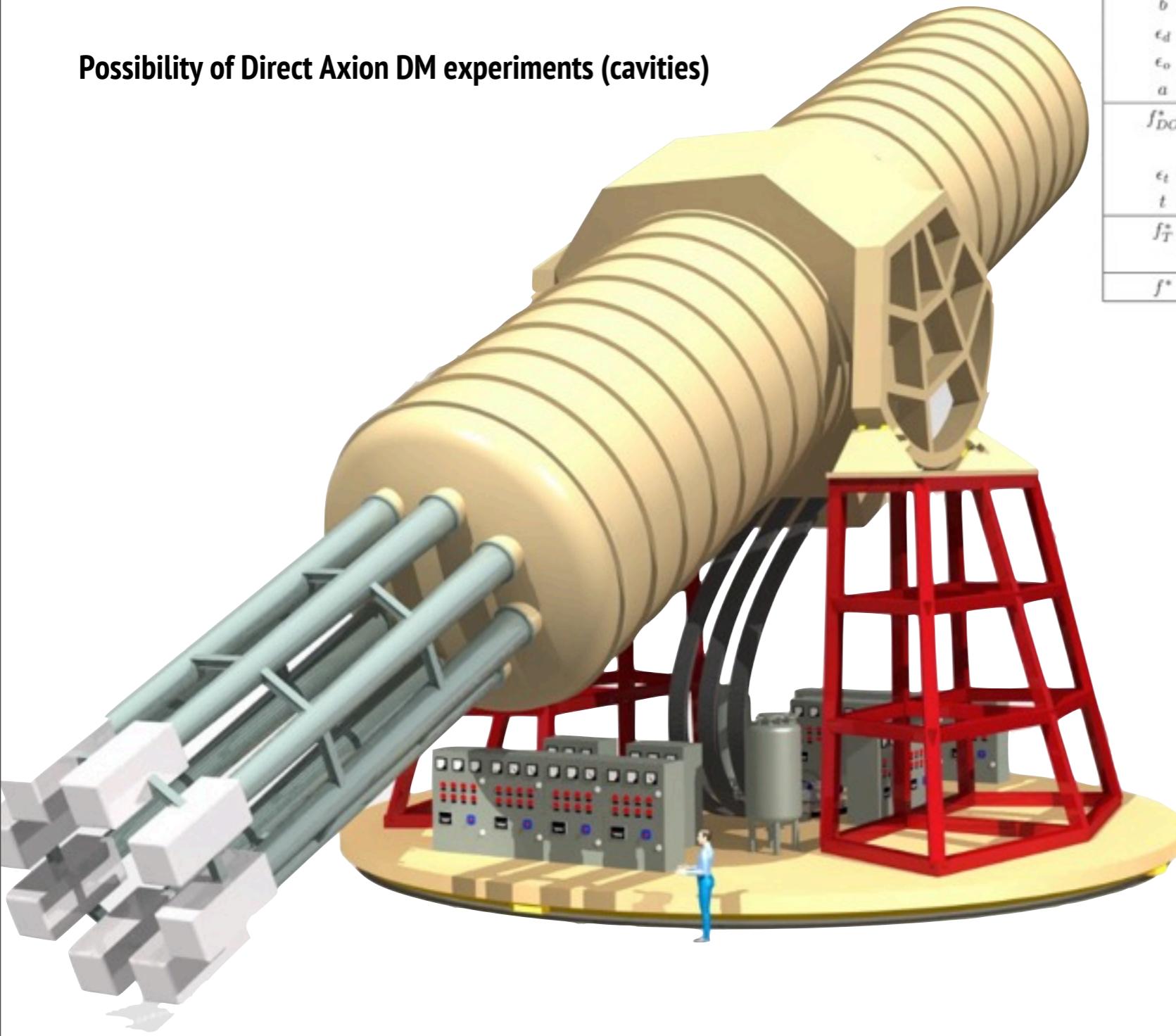
Next generation (proposed) IAXO

Boost parameters to the maximum

Conceptual design report IAXO 2014 JINST 9 T05002

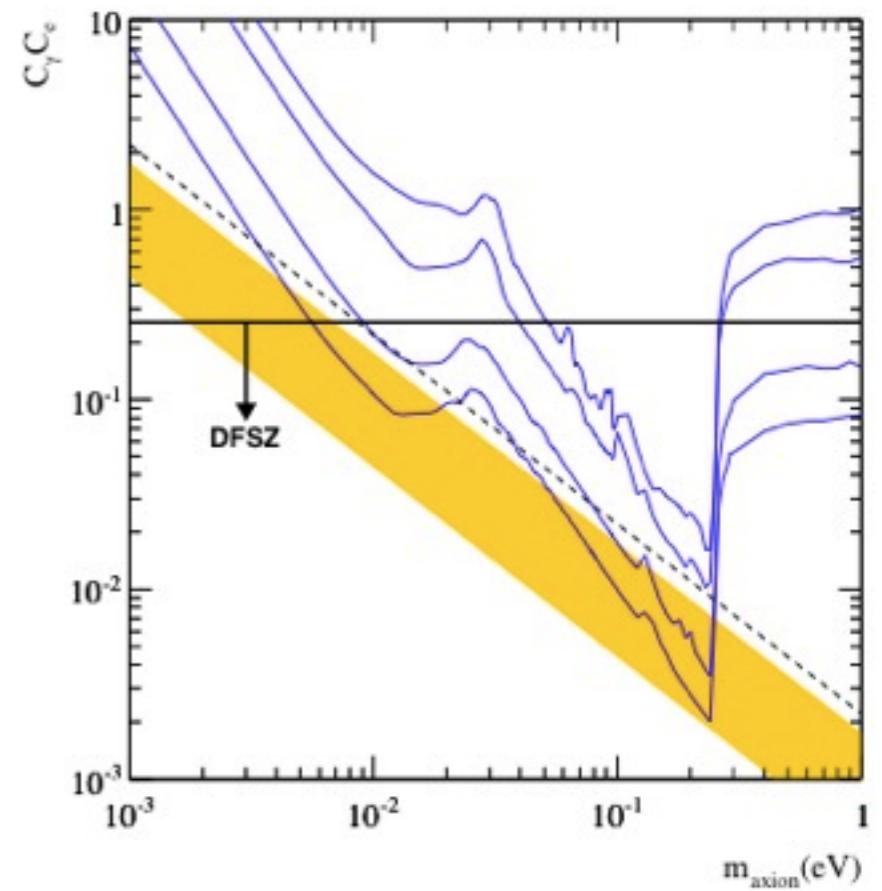
LOI submitted to CERN, TDR in preparation

Possibility of Direct Axion DM experiments (cavities)



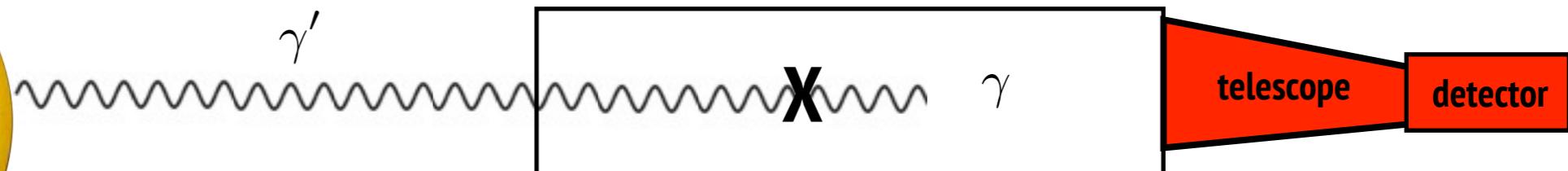
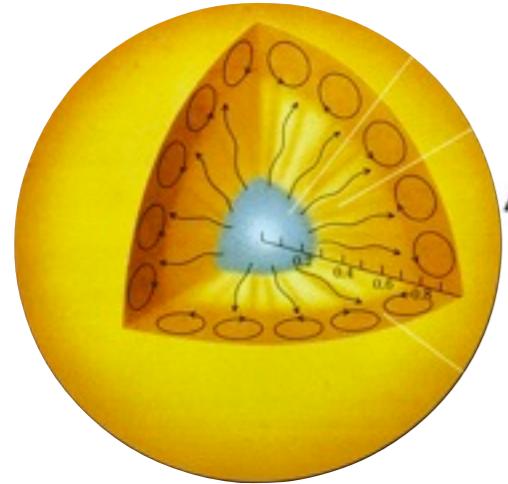
Parameter	Unit	CAST-I	NGAH 1	NGAH 2	NGAH 3	NGAH 4
B	T	9	3	3	4	5
L	m	9.26	12	15	15	20
A	m^2	2×0.0015	1.7	2.6	2.6	4.0
f_M^*		1	100	260	450	1900
b	$\frac{10^{-5} \text{ e}}{\text{keV cm}^2 \text{ s}}$	~ 4	3×10^{-2}	10^{-2}	3×10^{-3}	10^{-3}
ϵ_d		0.5-0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
ϵ_o		0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6
a	cm^2	0.15	3	2	1	1
f_{DO}^*		1	6	14	40	40
ϵ_t		0.12	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5
t	year	~ 1	3	3	3	3
f_T^*		1	2.7	2.7	3.5	3.5
f^*		1	1.6×10^3	9.8×10^3	6.3×10^4	2.7×10^5

non-hadronic axions



HP Helioscopes

Detect solar HPs in vacuum vessel (only T-modes)



$$P(\gamma' \rightarrow \gamma) = 4\chi^2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{m_{A'}^2 L}{4\omega} \right)$$

CAST

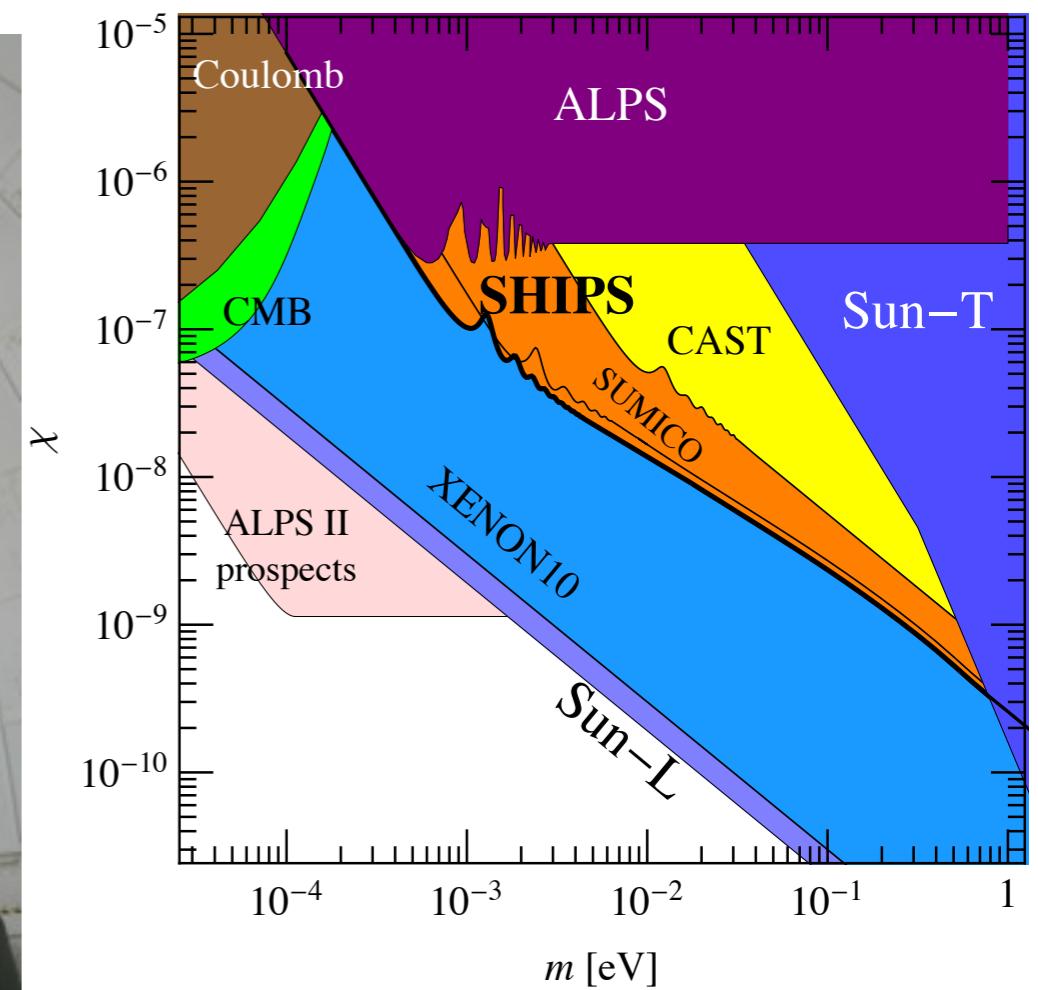
Redondo '08

SUMICO (visible)

Inoue '13

SHIPS (dedicated visible)

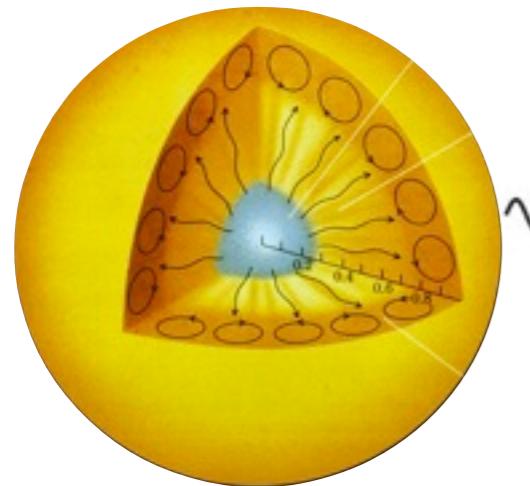
Schwartz '15



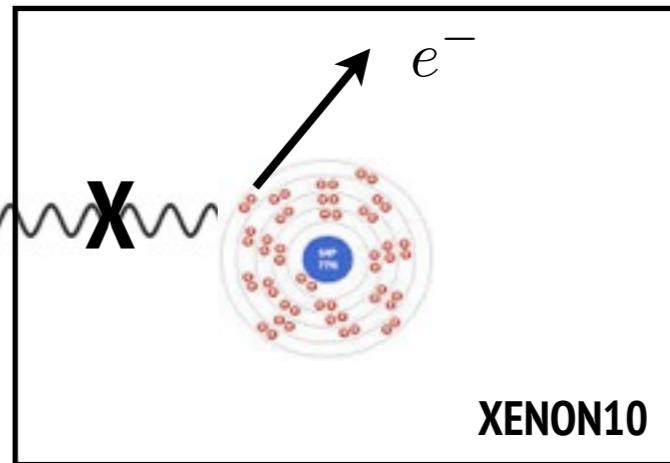
HP Helioscopes

Detect solar HPs in with DM detectors

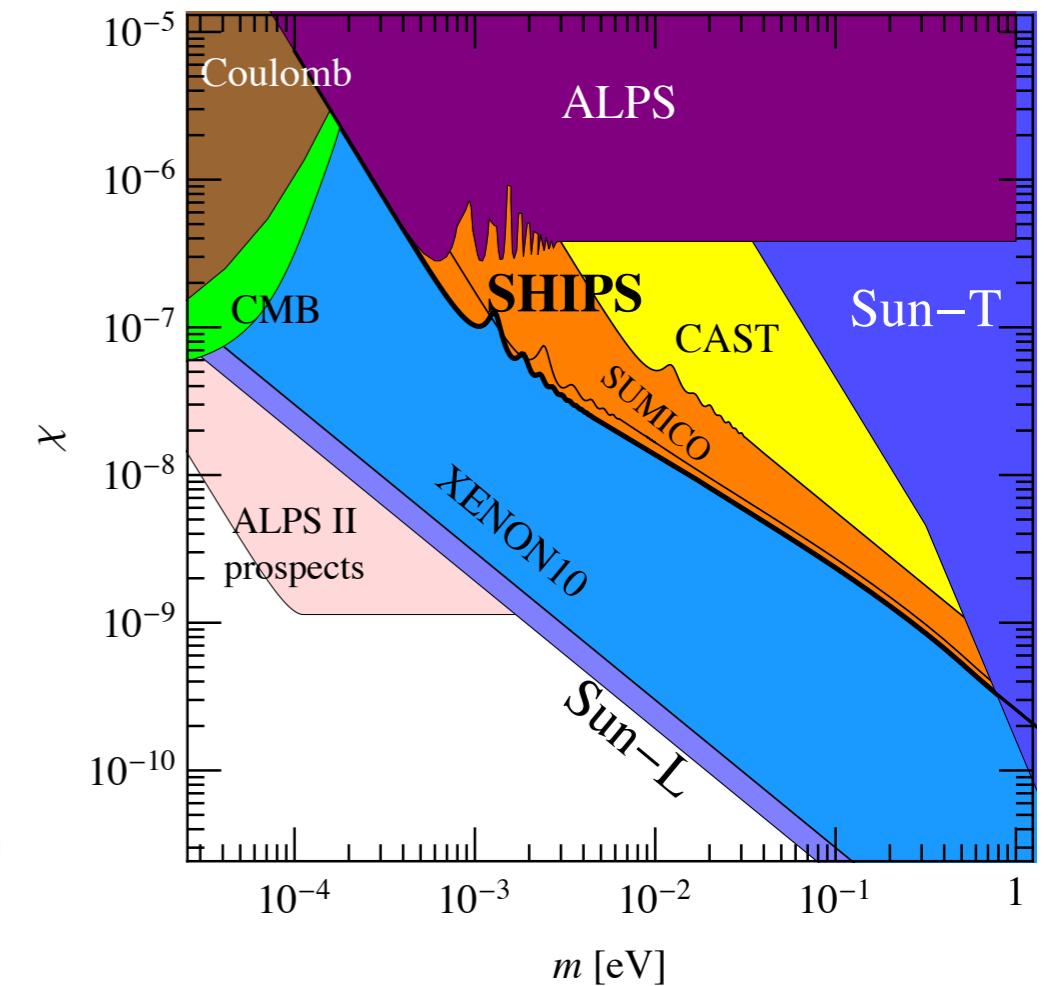
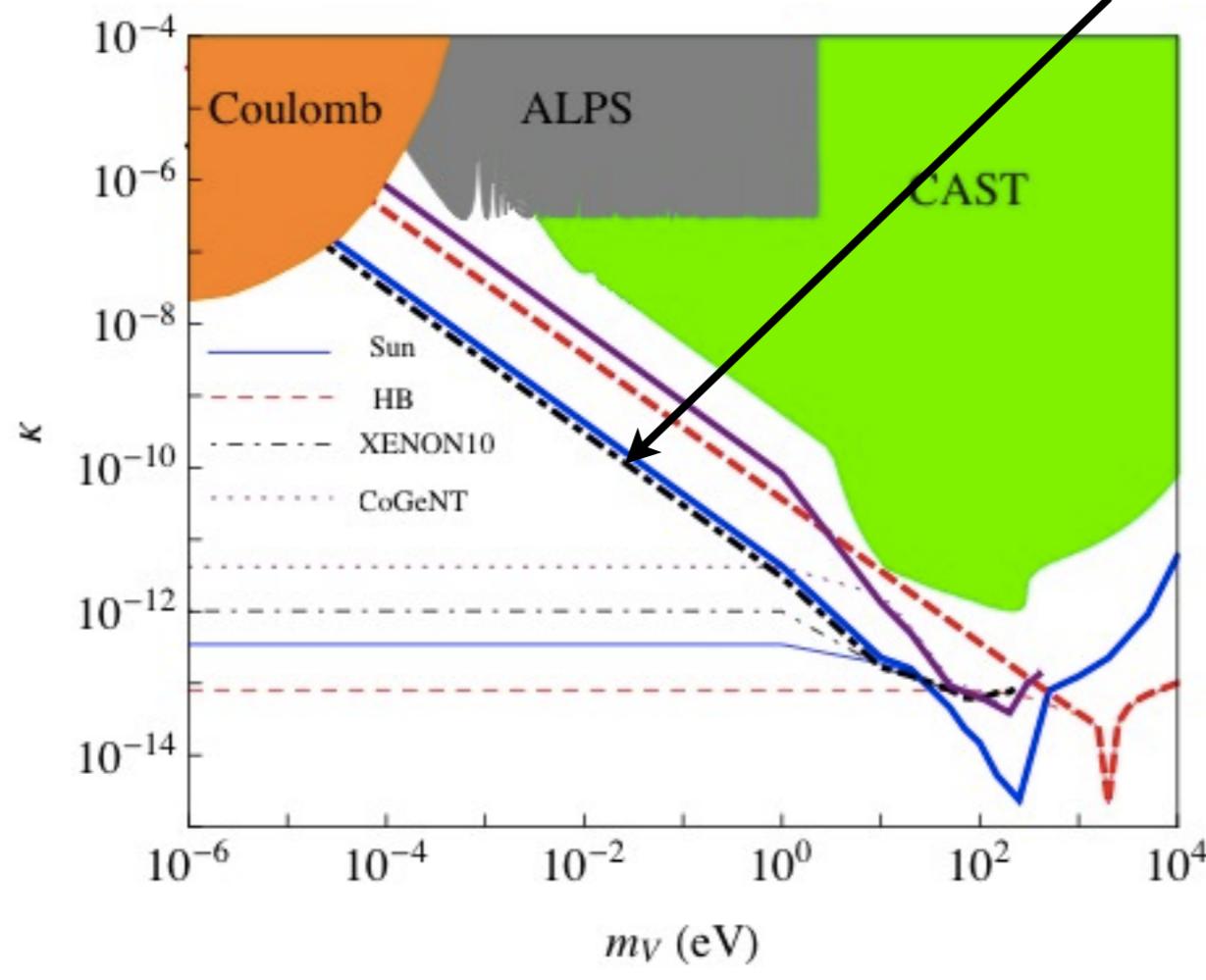
An '13



γ'

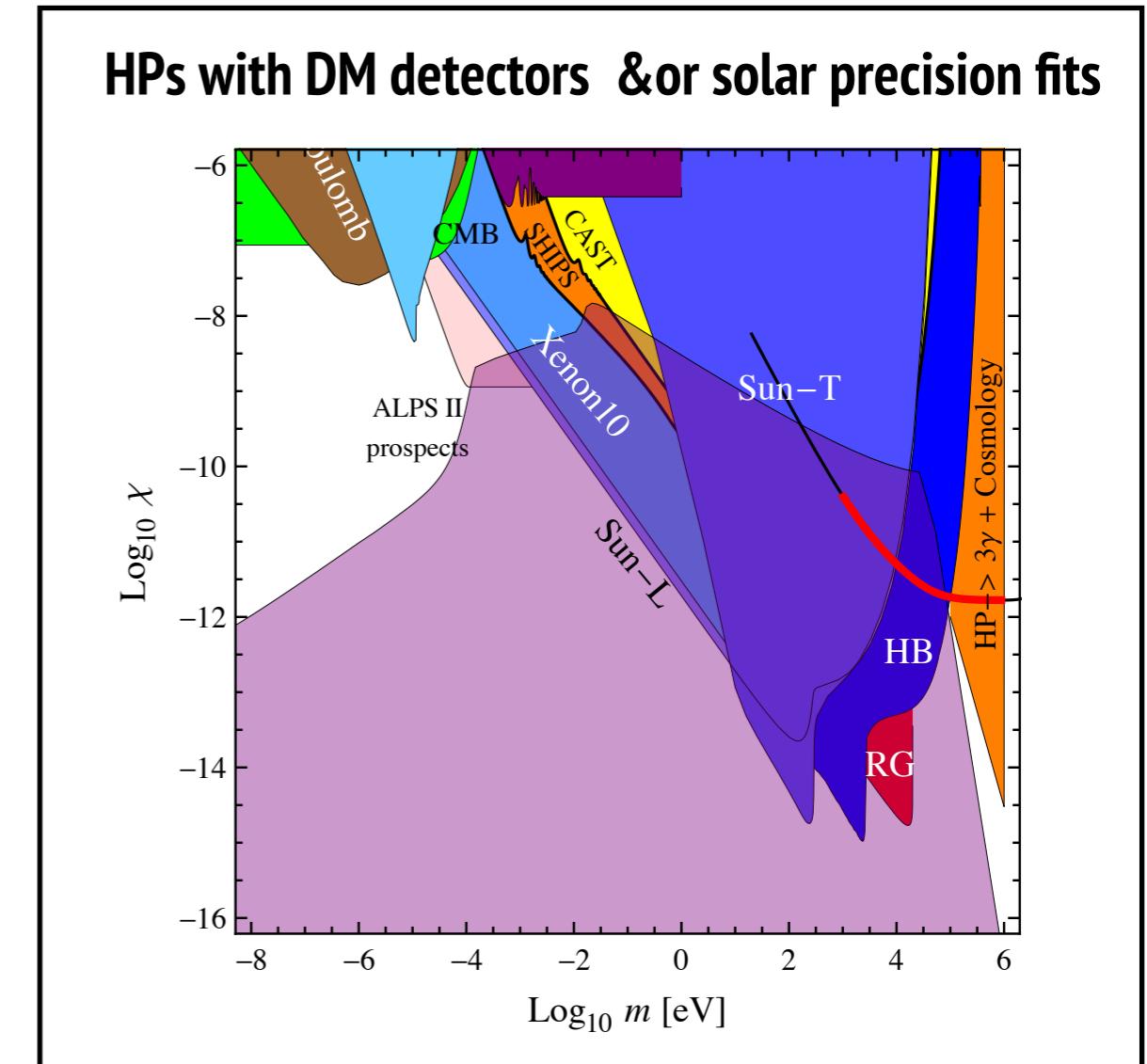
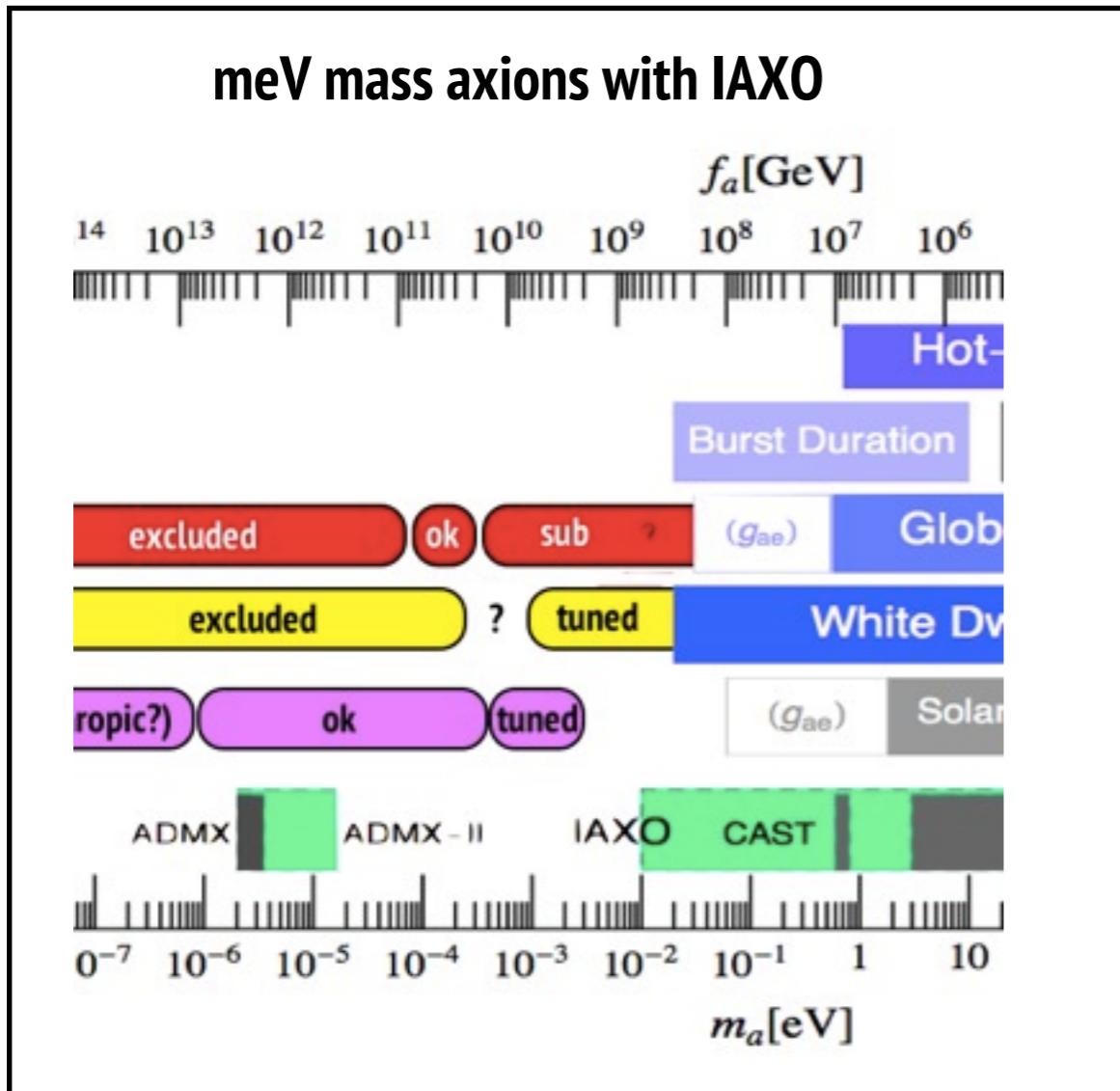


Very conservative analysis low-energy ionisation events (XENON10)



Conclusions

- Sun as a laboratory can help us finding light DM candidates



- Nice complementarity but we need more DD experiments!
Many things are happening... ask me!